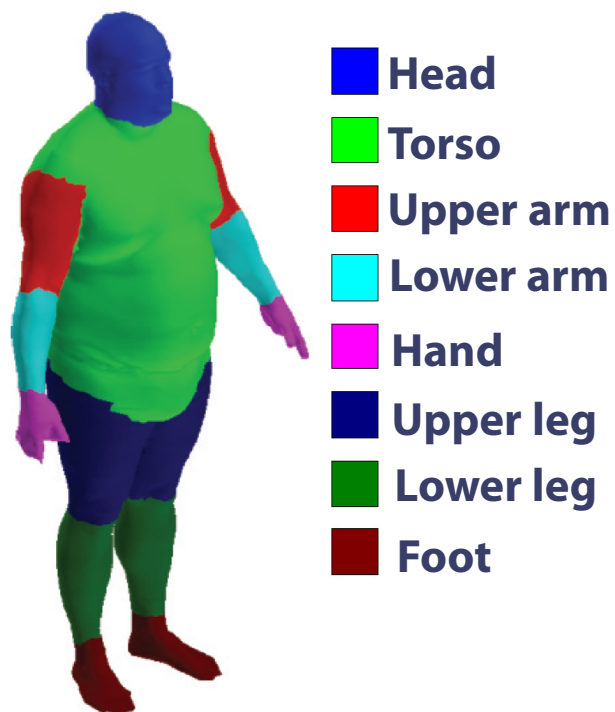
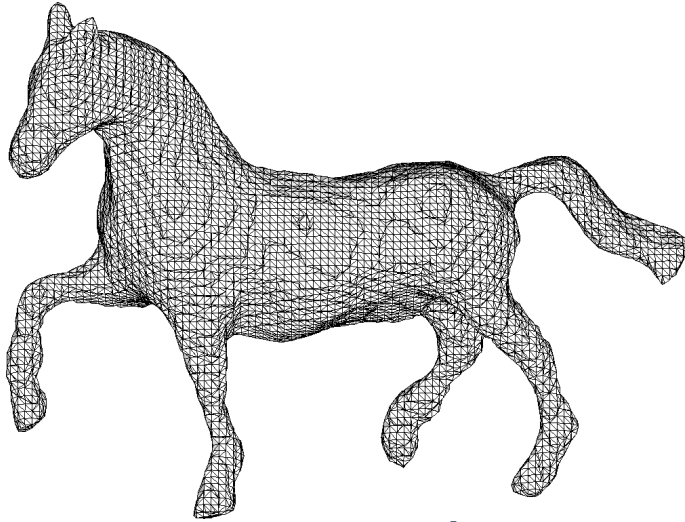


Learning 3D mesh segmentation and labeling



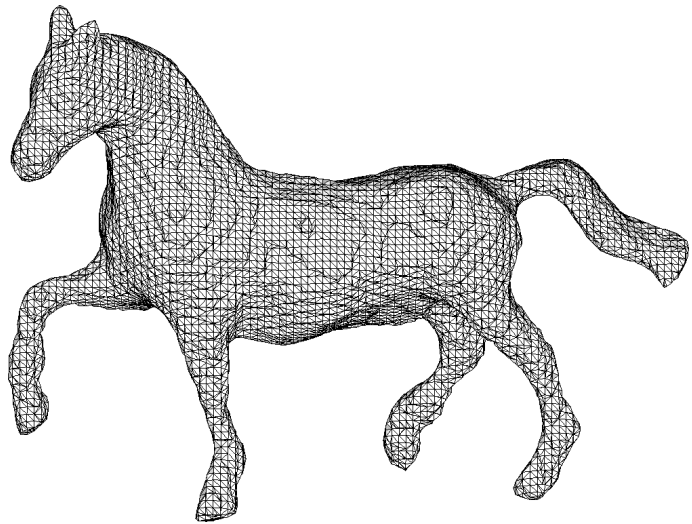
Evangelos Kalogerakis, Aaron Hertzmann, Karan Singh
University of Toronto

Goal: mesh segmentation and labeling



Input Mesh

Goal: mesh segmentation and labeling



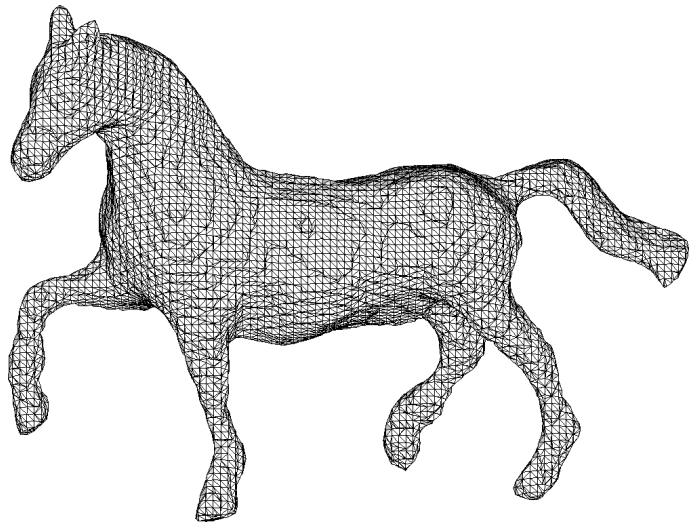
Input Mesh



Labeled Mesh

-  **Head**
-  **Neck**
-  **Torso**
-  **Leg**
-  **Tail**
-  **Ear**

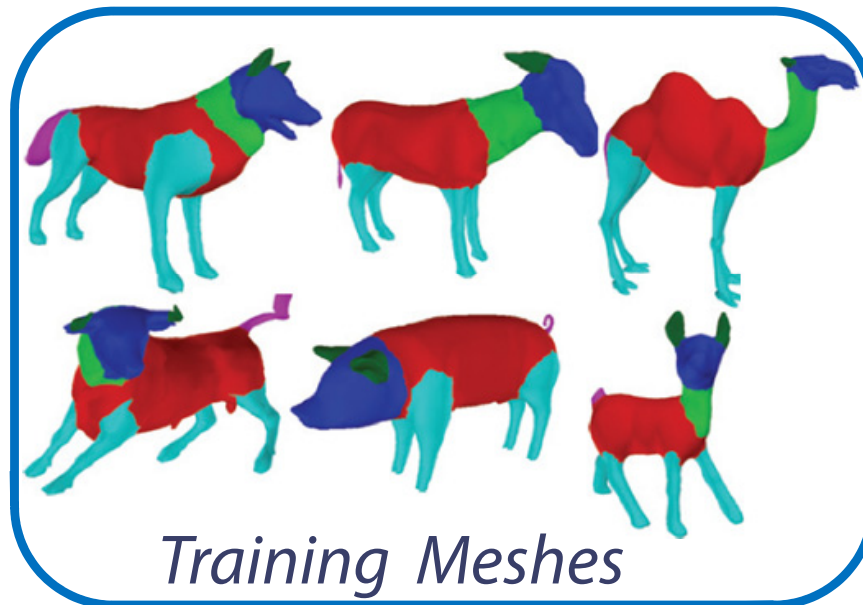
Goal: mesh segmentation and labeling



Input Mesh



Labeled Mesh



Training Meshes

-  Head
-  Neck
-  Torso
-  Leg
-  Tail
-  Ear

Related work: mesh segmentation

[Mangan and Whitaker 1999, Shlafman *et al.* 2002, Katz and Tal 2003, Liu and Zhang 2004, Katz *et al.* 2005, Simari *et al.* 2006, Attene *et al.* 2006, Lin *et al.* 2007, Kraevoy *et al.* 2007, Pkelny and Gotsman 2008, Golovinskiy and Funkhouser 2008, Li *et al.* 2008, Lai *et al.* 2008, Lavoue and Wolf 2008, Huang *et al.* 2009, Shapira *et al.* 2010]

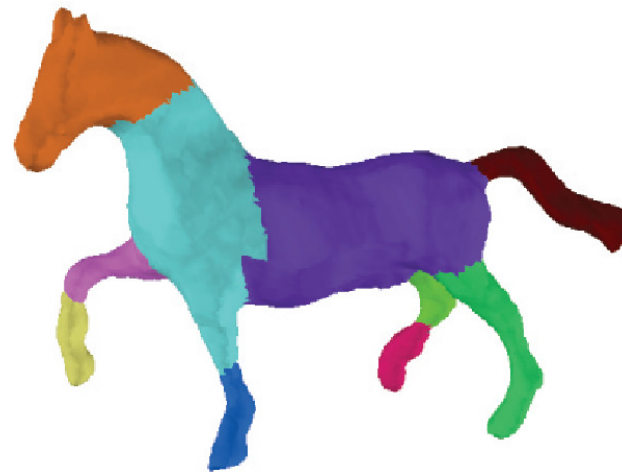
Surveys:

[Attene *et al.* 2006, Shamir 2008, Chen *et al.* 2009]

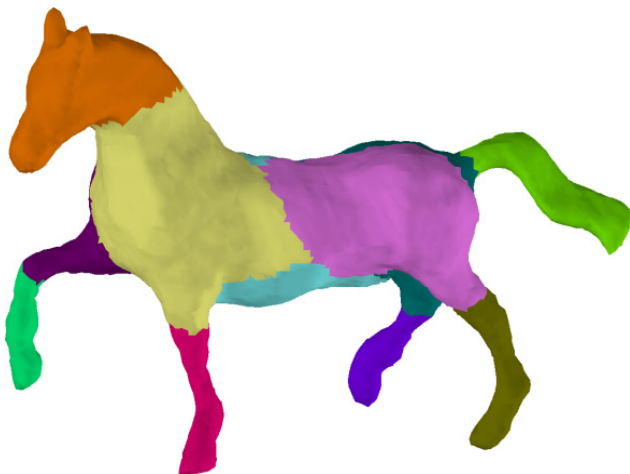
Related work: mesh segmentation



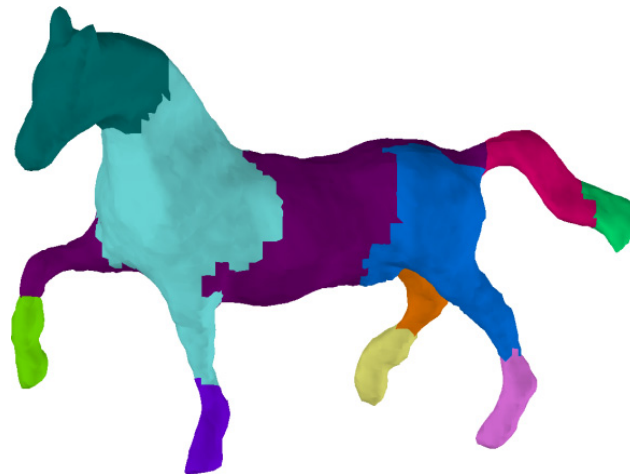
Shape Diameter
[Shapira et al. 10]



Randomized Cuts
[Golovinskiy and Funkhouser 08]

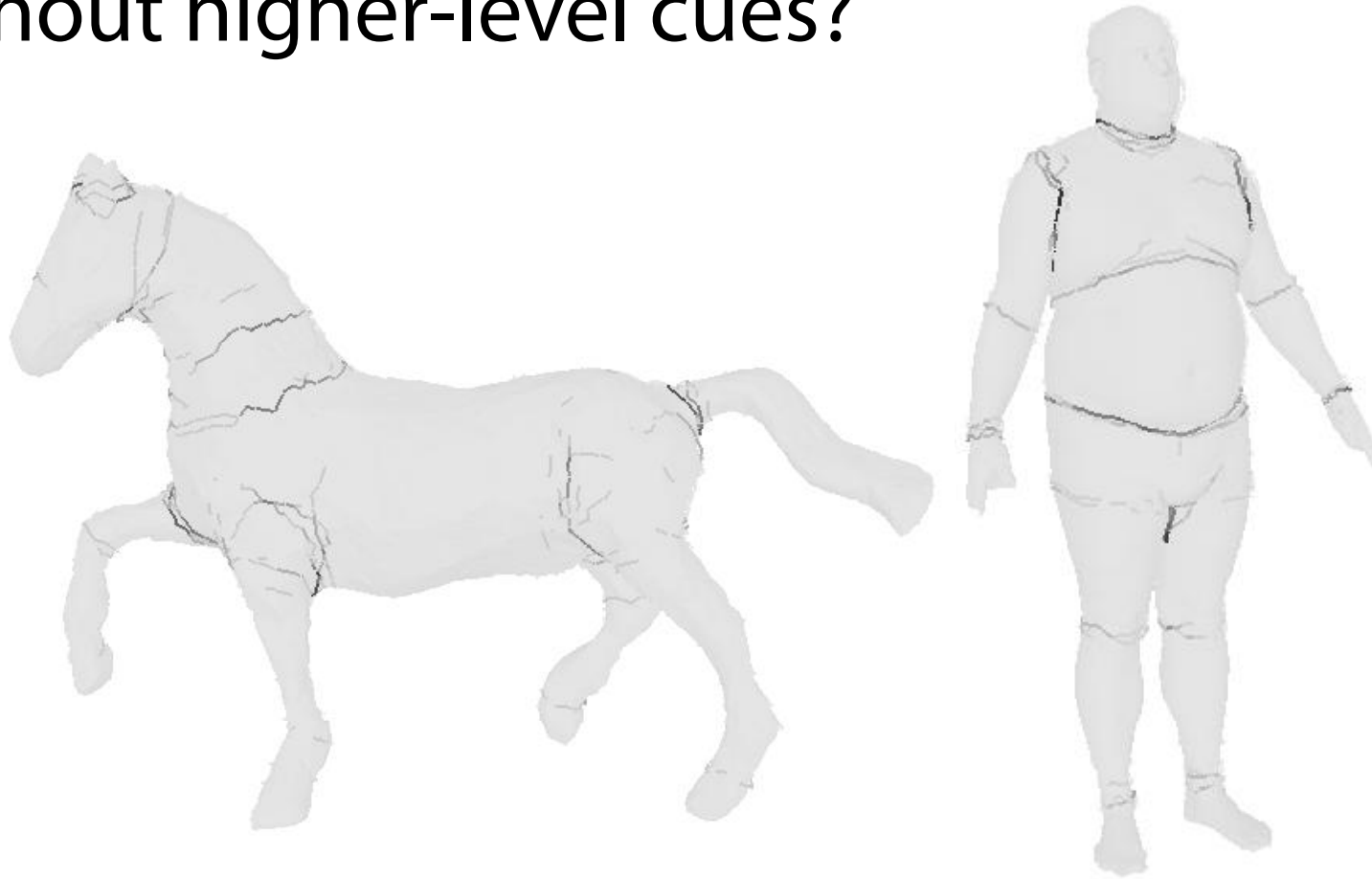


Random Walks
[Lai et al. 08]



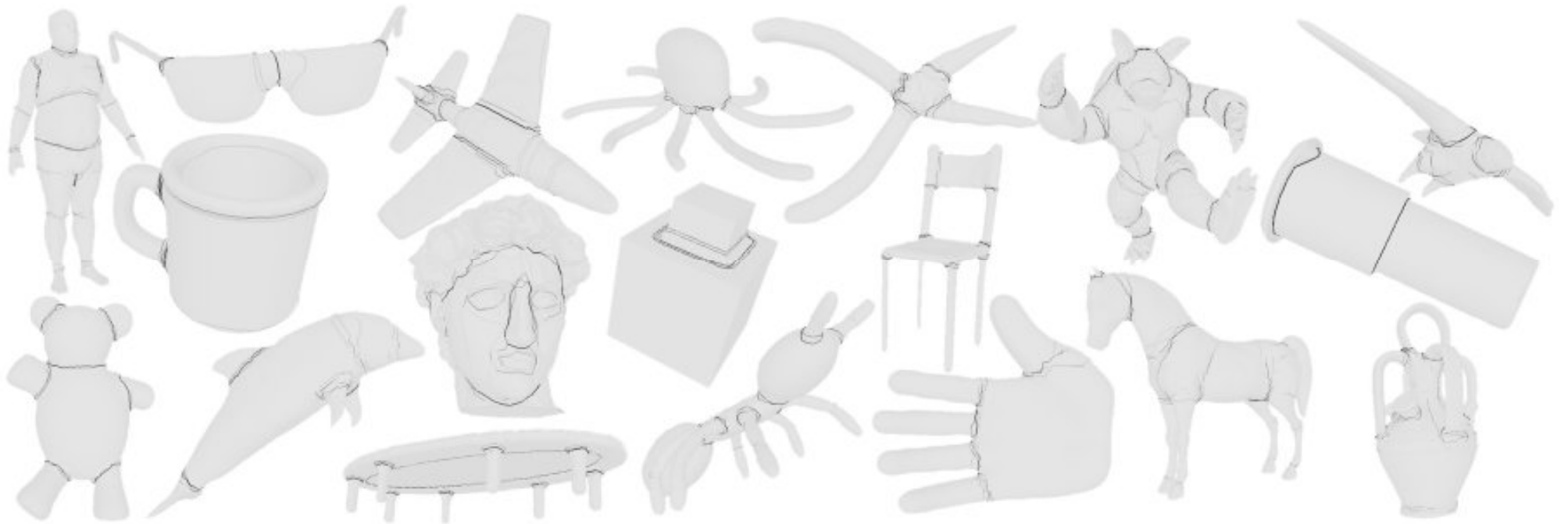
Normalized Cuts
[Golovinskiy and Funkhouser 08]

Is human-level segmentation even possible without higher-level cues?



[X. Chen et al. SIGGRAPH 09]

Is human-level segmentation even possible without higher-level cues?



[X. Chen et al. SIGGRAPH 09]

Image segmentation and labeling

[Konishi and Yuille 00, Duygulu et al. 02, He et al. 04, Kumar and Hebert 03, Anguelov et al. 05, Tu et al. 05, Schnitman et al. 06, Lim and Suter 07, Munoz et al. 08,...]

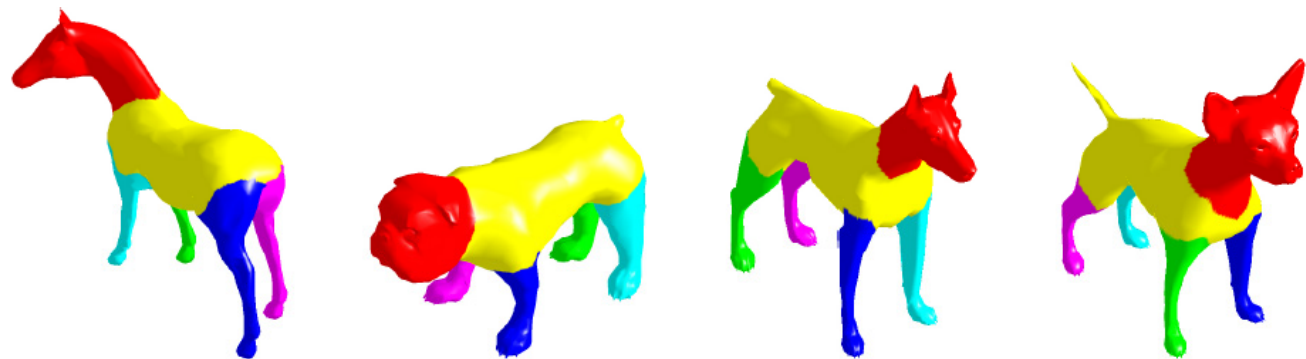


Textonboost
[Shotton et al. ECCV 06]

Related work: mesh segmentation & labeling



Consistent segmentation of 3D meshes
[Golovinskiy and Funkhouser 09]



Multi-objective segmentation and labeling
[Simari et al. 09]

Learning mesh segmentation and labeling

Learn from examples

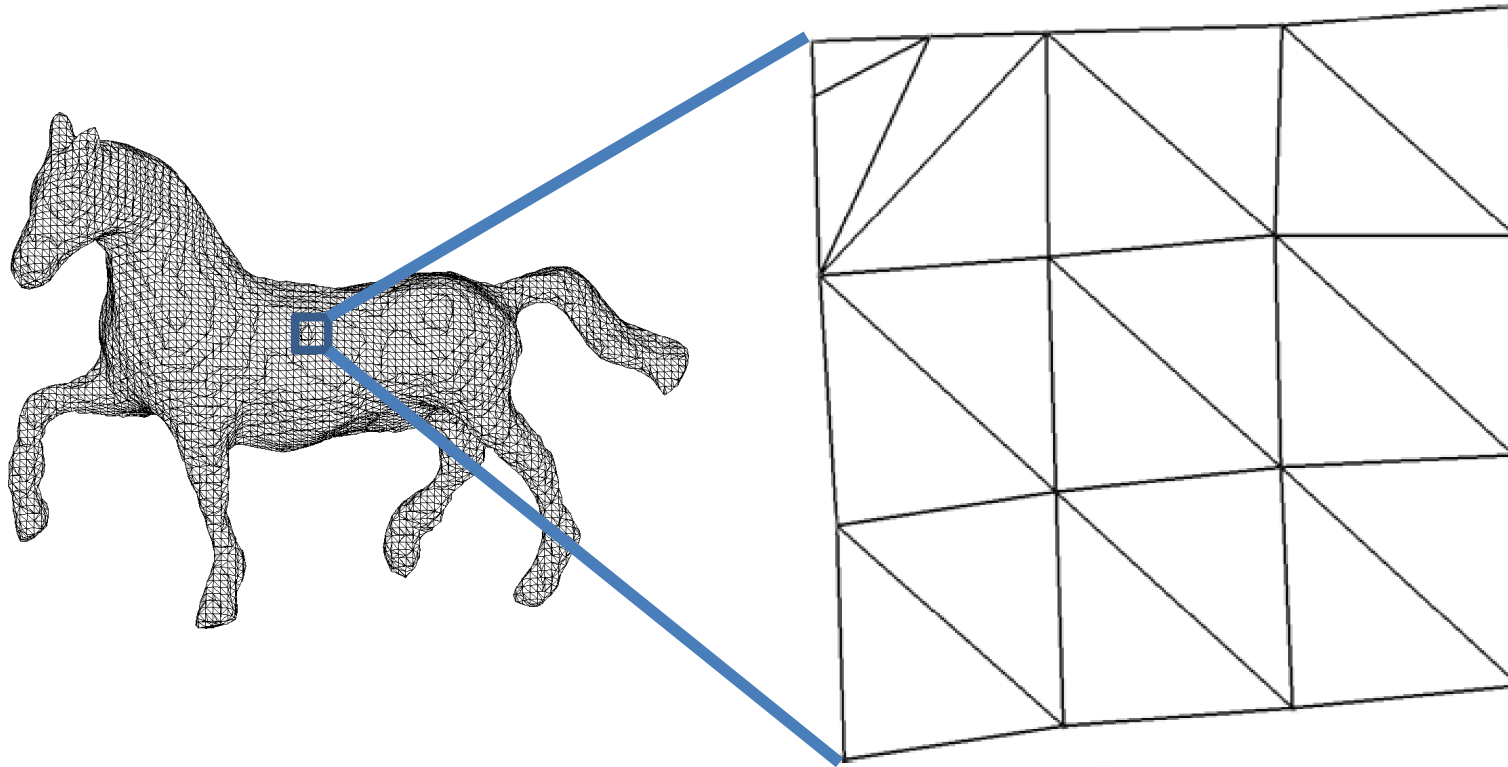
Significantly better results than state-of-the-art

No manual parameter tuning

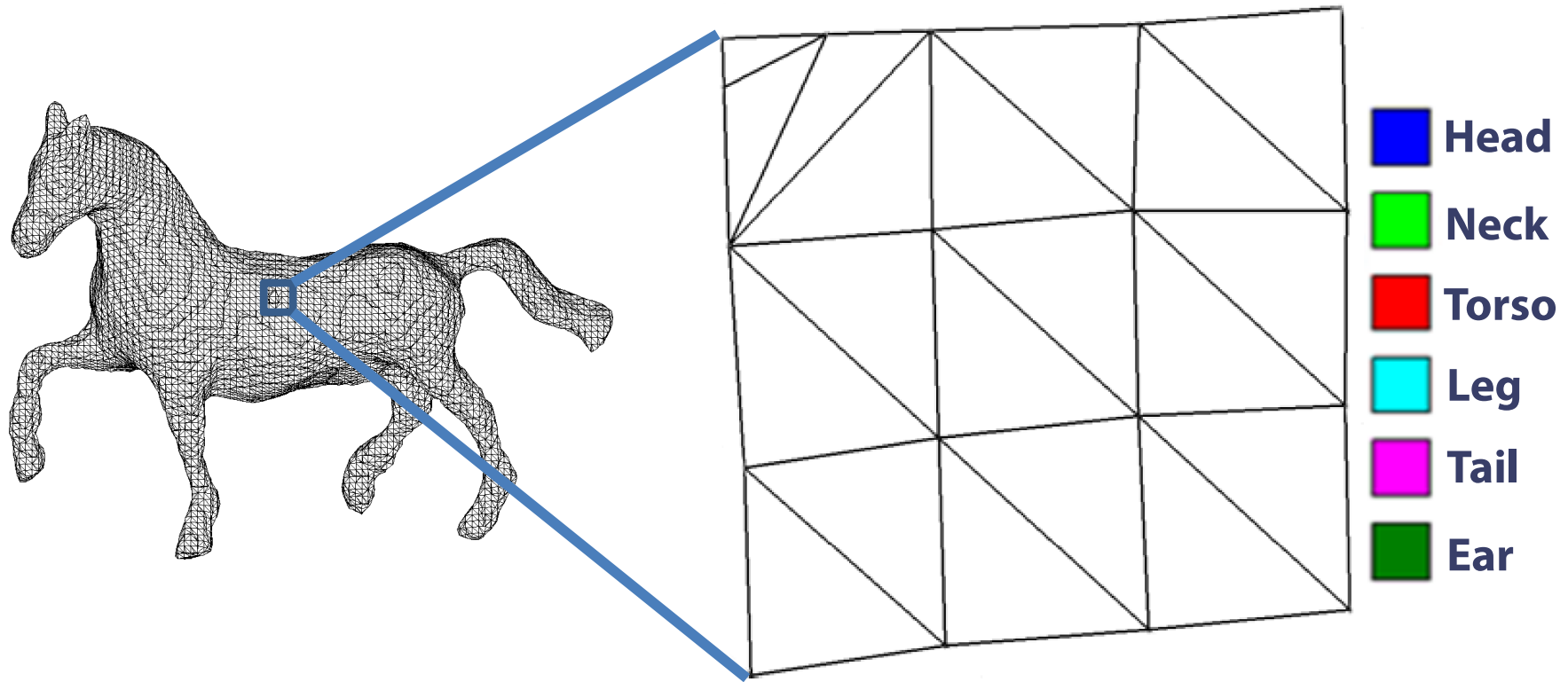
Can learn different styles of segmentation

Several applications of part labeling

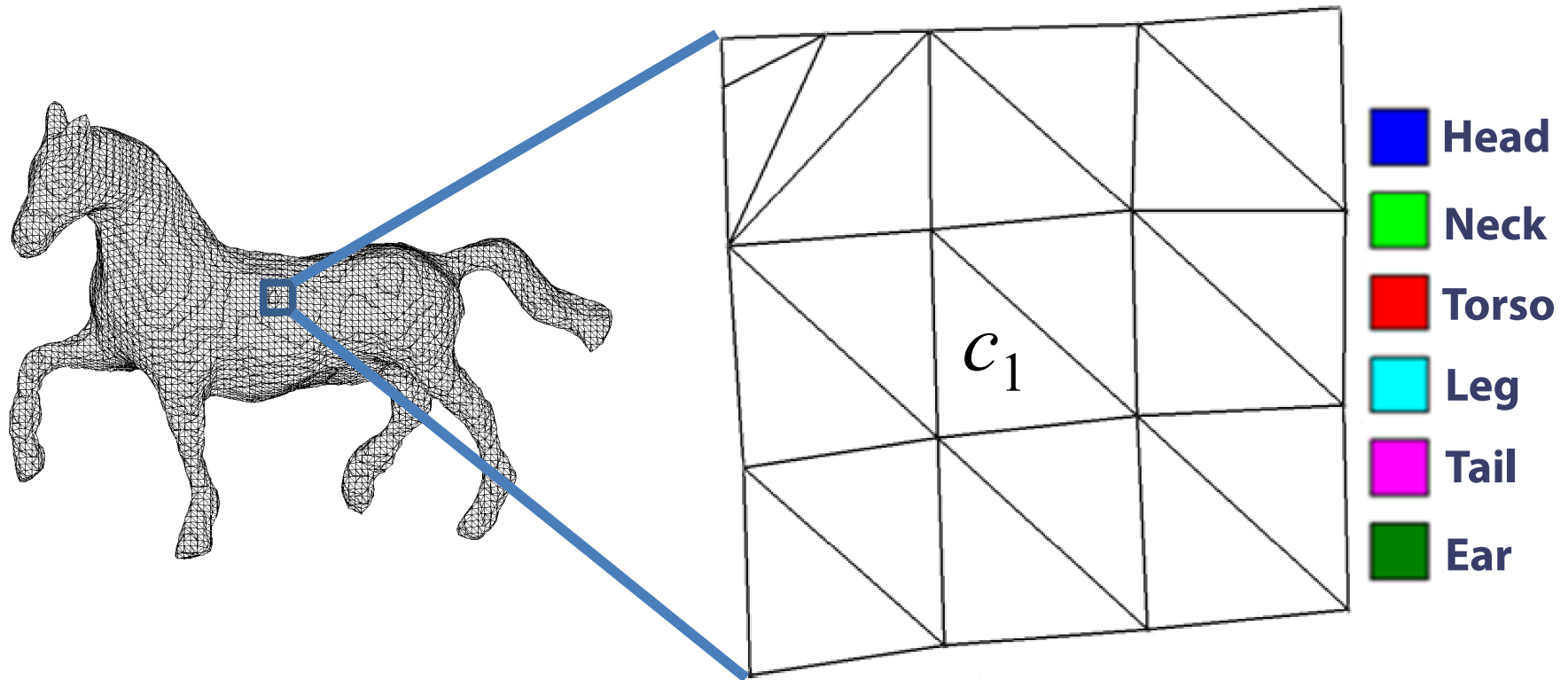
Labeling problem statement



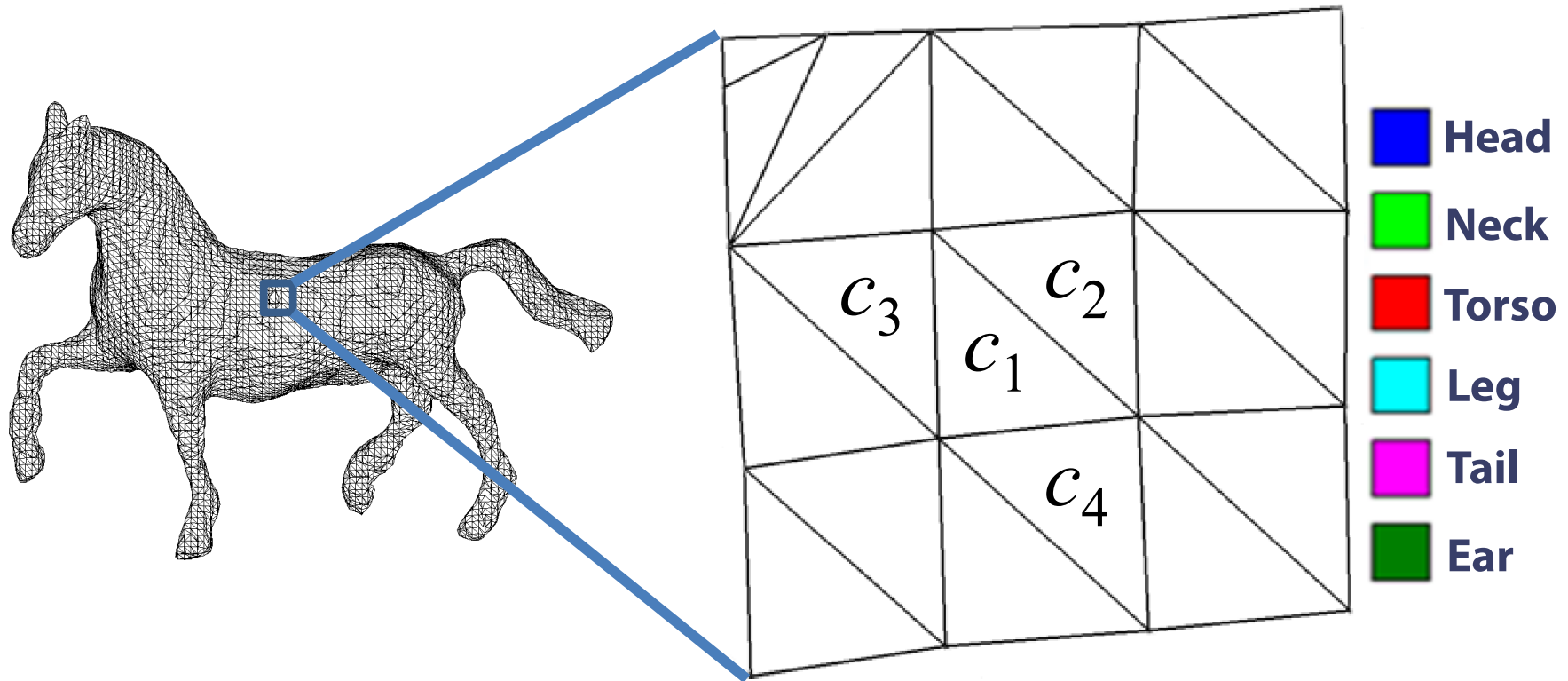
Labeling problem statement



Labeling problem statement



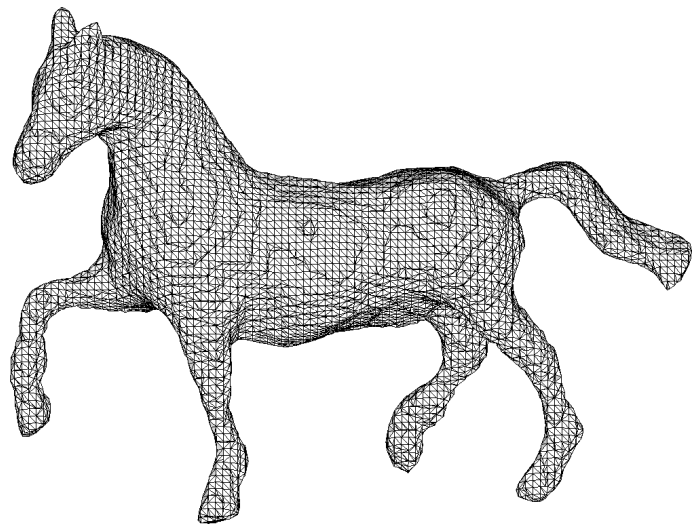
Labeling problem statement



$$c_1, c_2, c_3 \in C$$

$$C = \{ \textit{head}, \textit{neck}, \textit{torso}, \textit{leg}, \textit{tail}, \textit{ear} \}$$







Conditional Random Field for Labeling



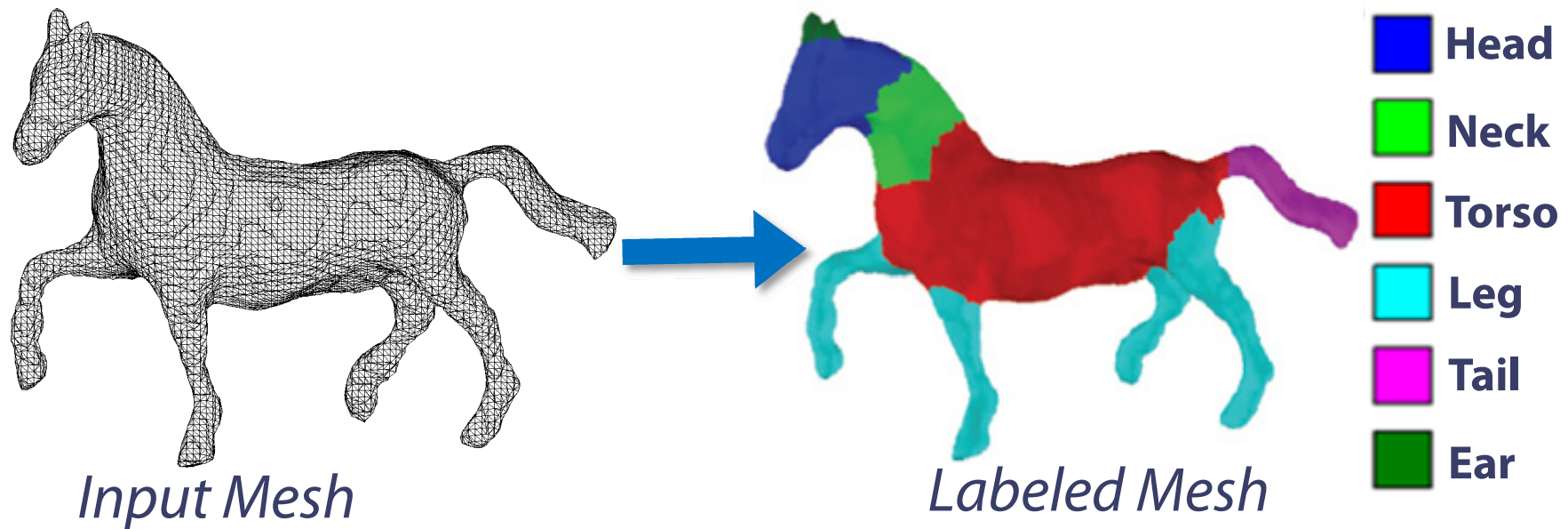
Input Mesh



Labeled Mesh

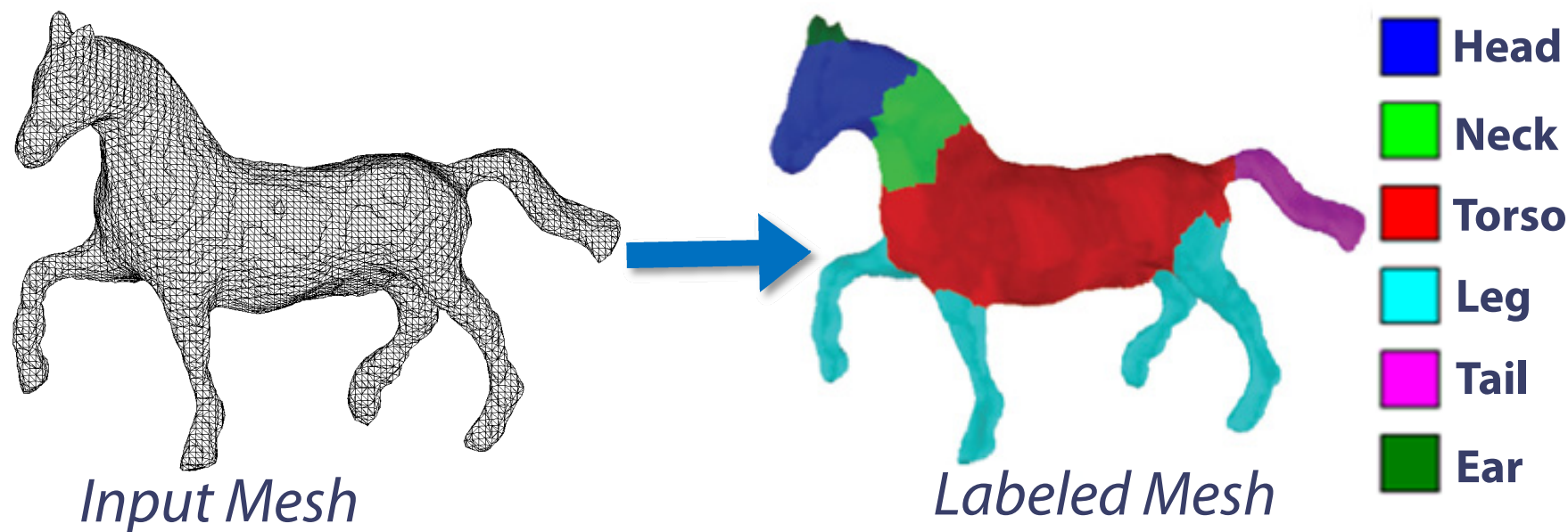
-  Head
-  Neck
-  Torso
-  Leg
-  Tail
-  Ear

Conditional Random Field for Labeling



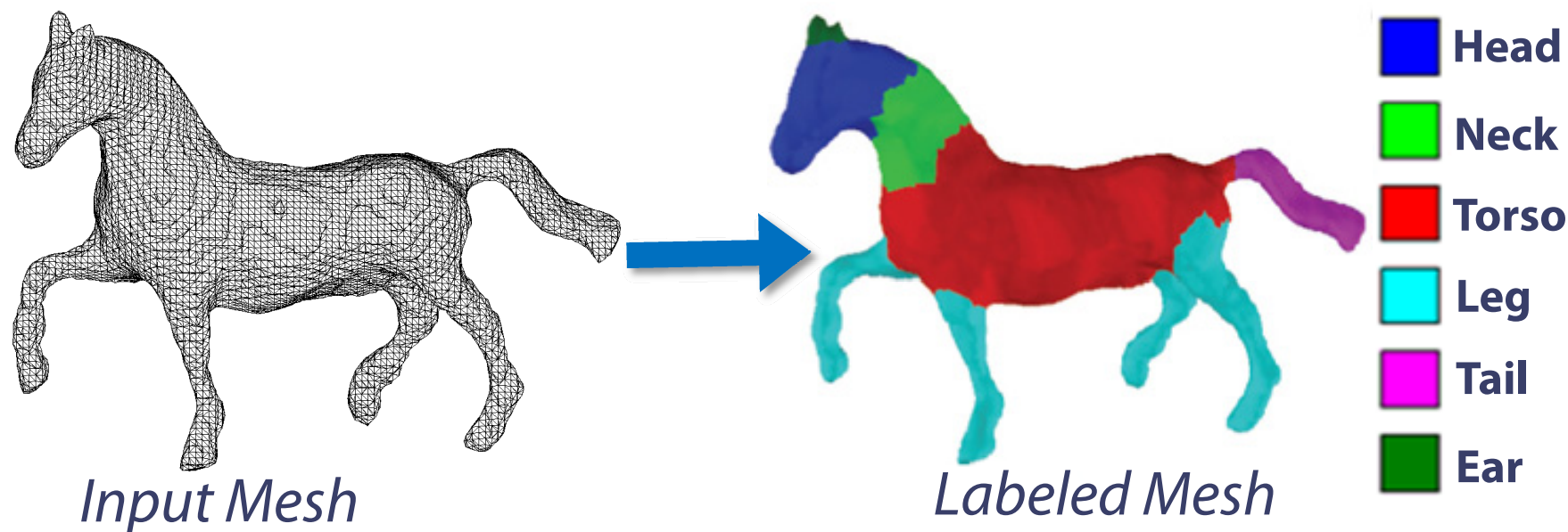
$$c^* = \arg \min_{\mathbf{c}} \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i \underbrace{E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i)}_{\text{Unary term}} + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

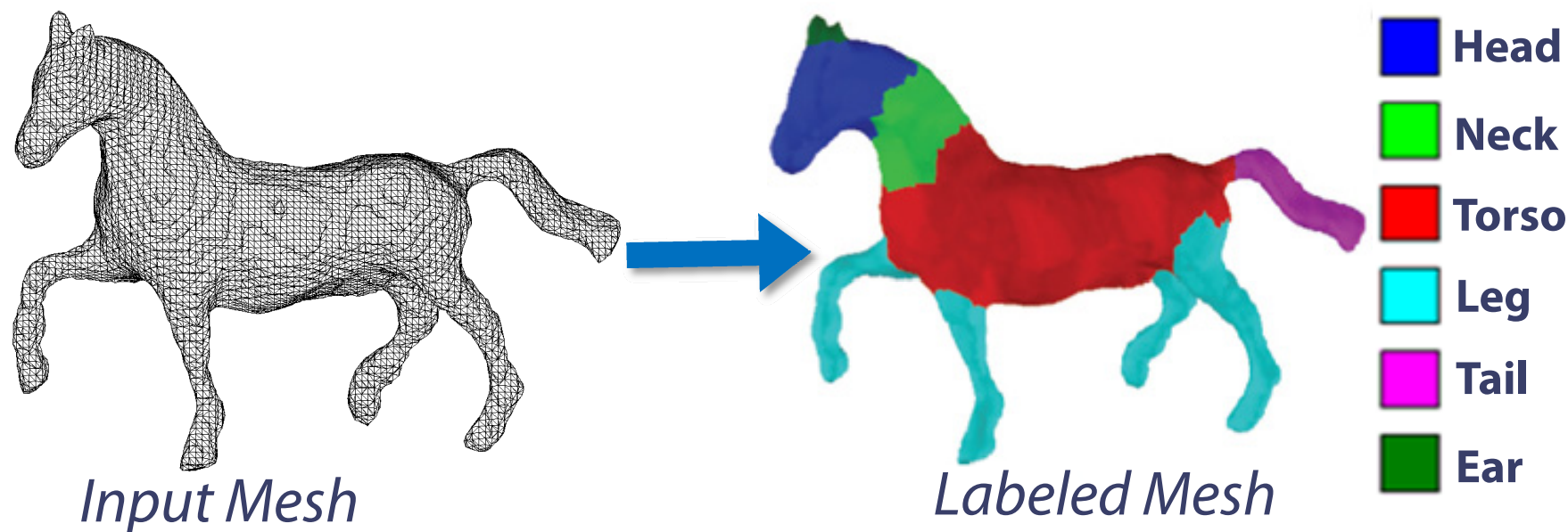
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_{\mathbf{c}} \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

Face features

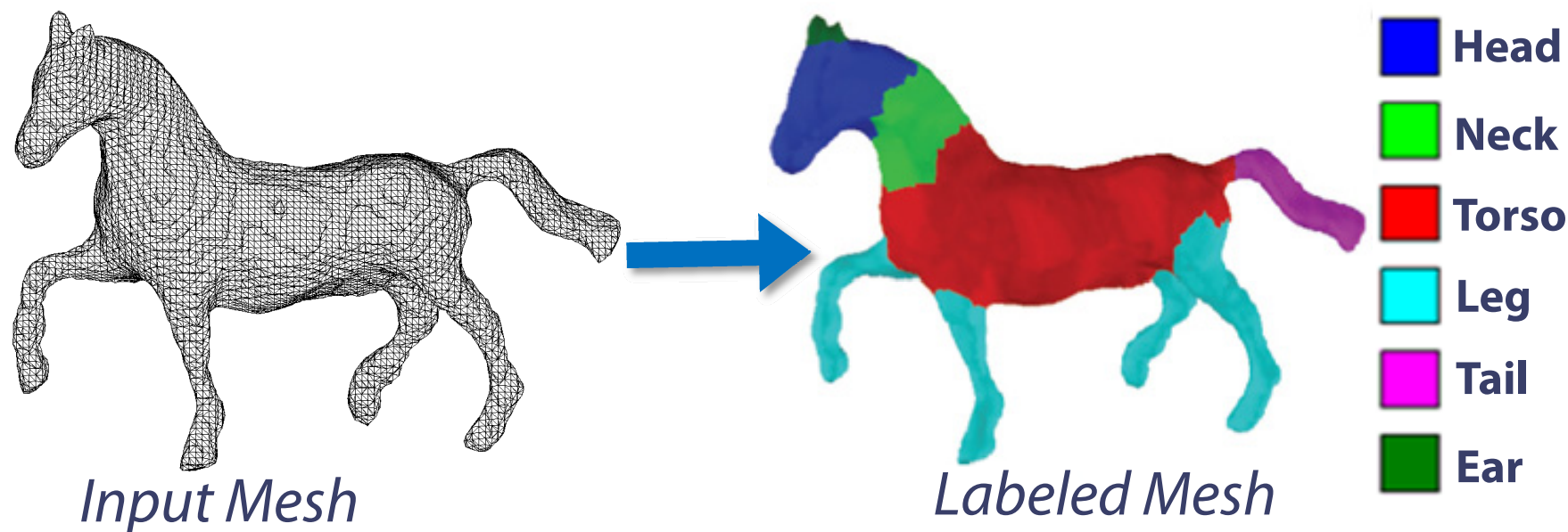
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

Face Area

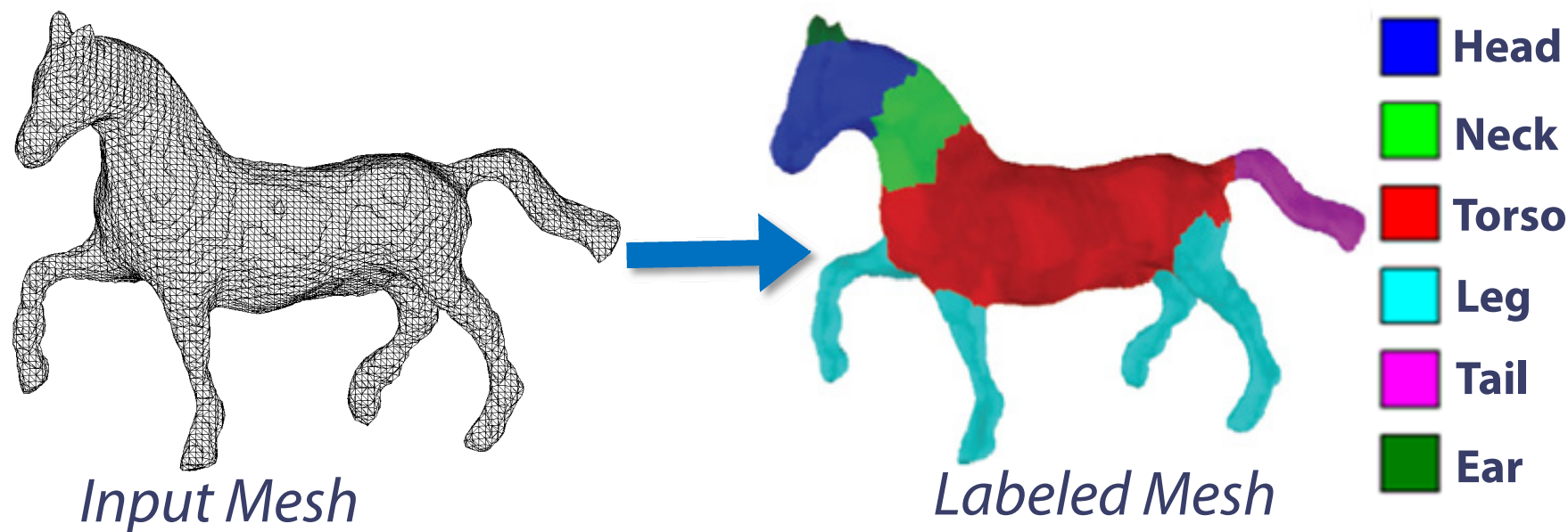
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} \boxed{E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij})} \right\}$$

Pairwise Term

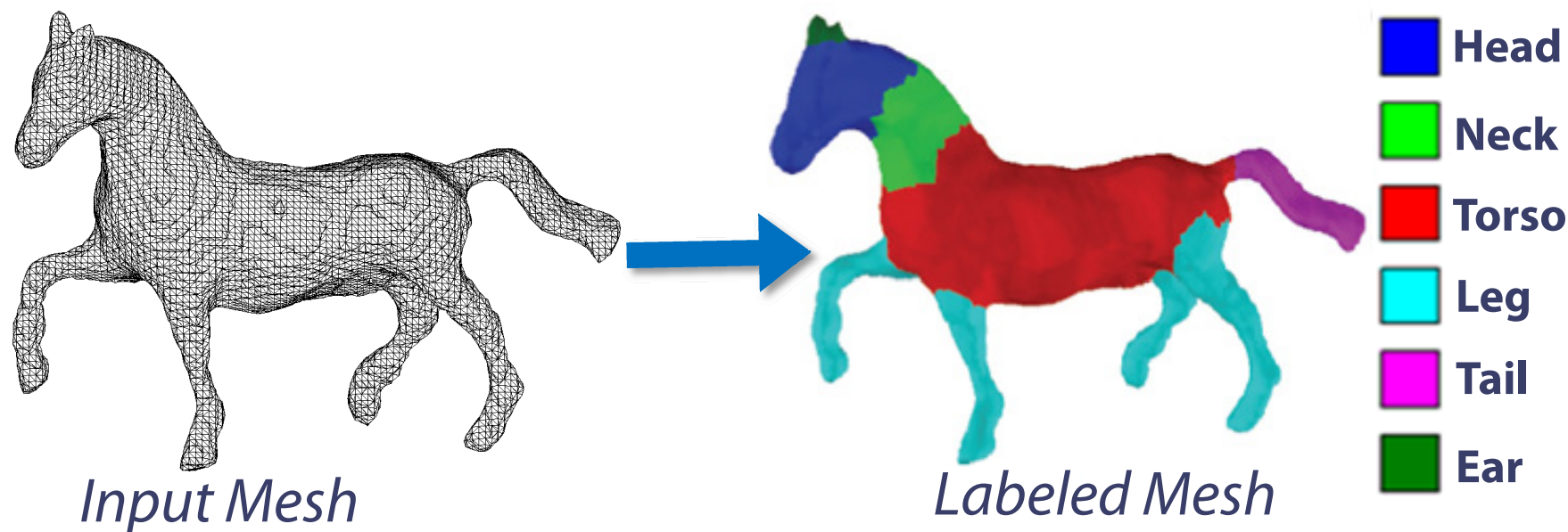
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

Edge Features

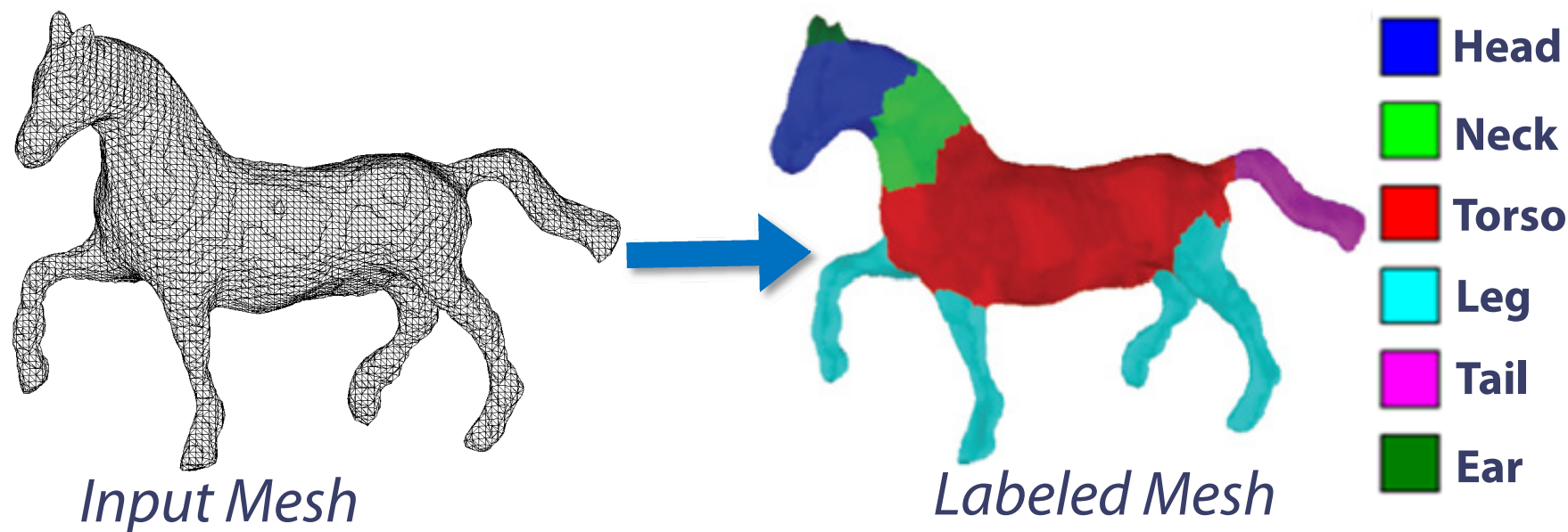
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} \boxed{l_{ij}} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

Edge Length

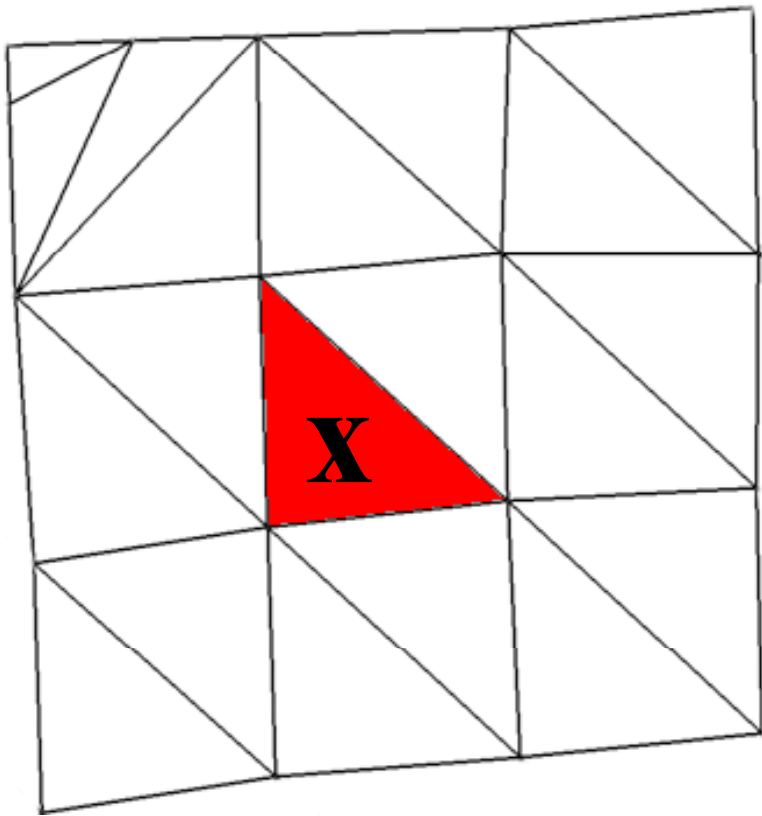
Conditional Random Field for Labeling



$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i \underbrace{E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i)}_{\text{Unary term}} + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij}) \right\}$$

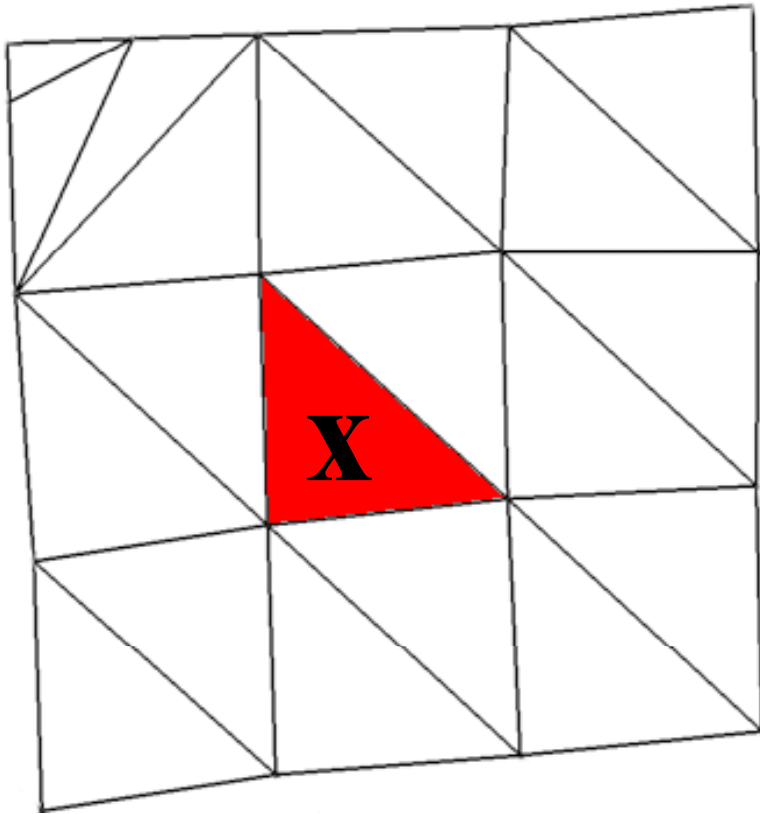
Feature vector

$$\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{R}^{375+35|C|} \rightarrow P(c | \mathbf{x})$$



Feature vector

$$\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{R}^{375+35|C|} \rightarrow P(c | \mathbf{x})$$



surface curvature

singular values from PCA

shape diameter

distances from medial surface

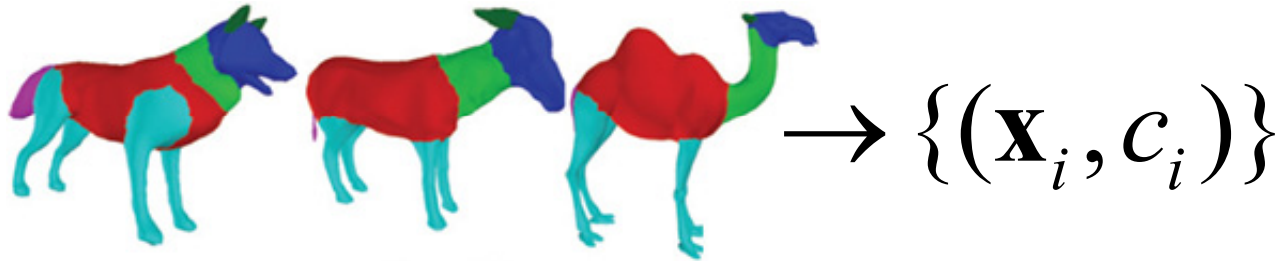
average geodesic distances

shape contexts

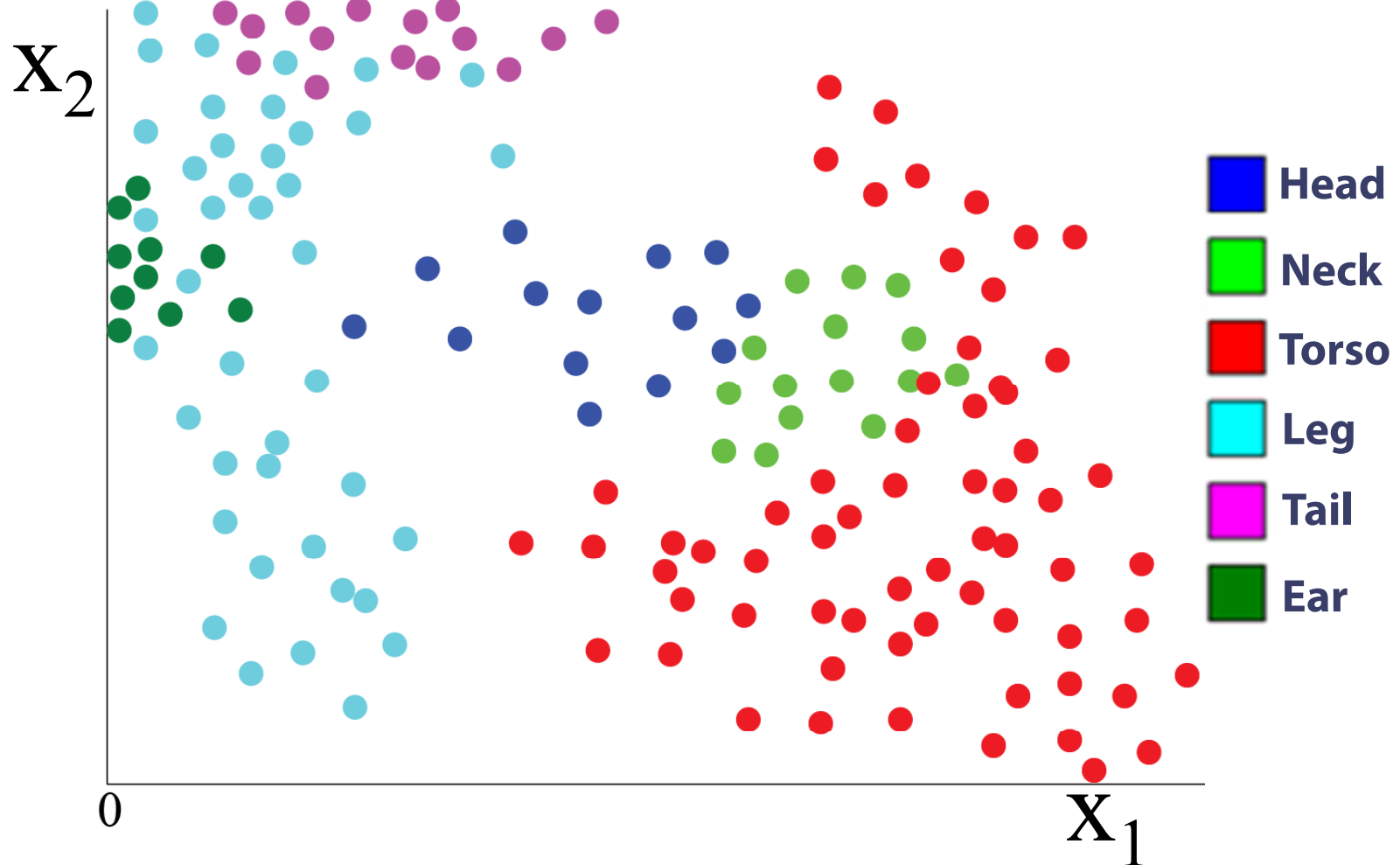
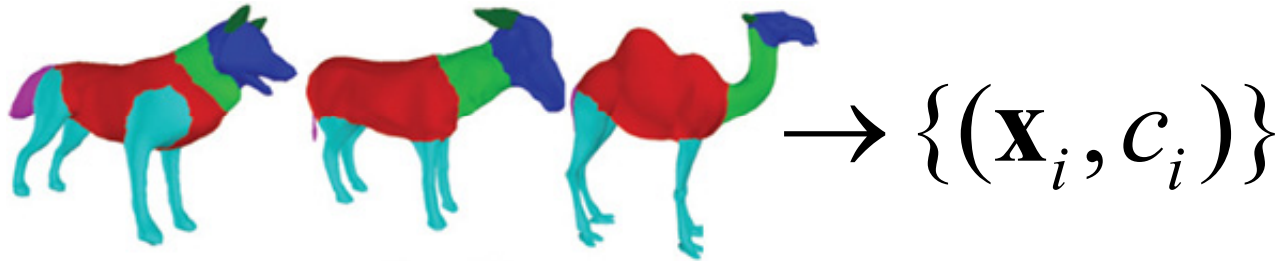
spin images

contextual label features

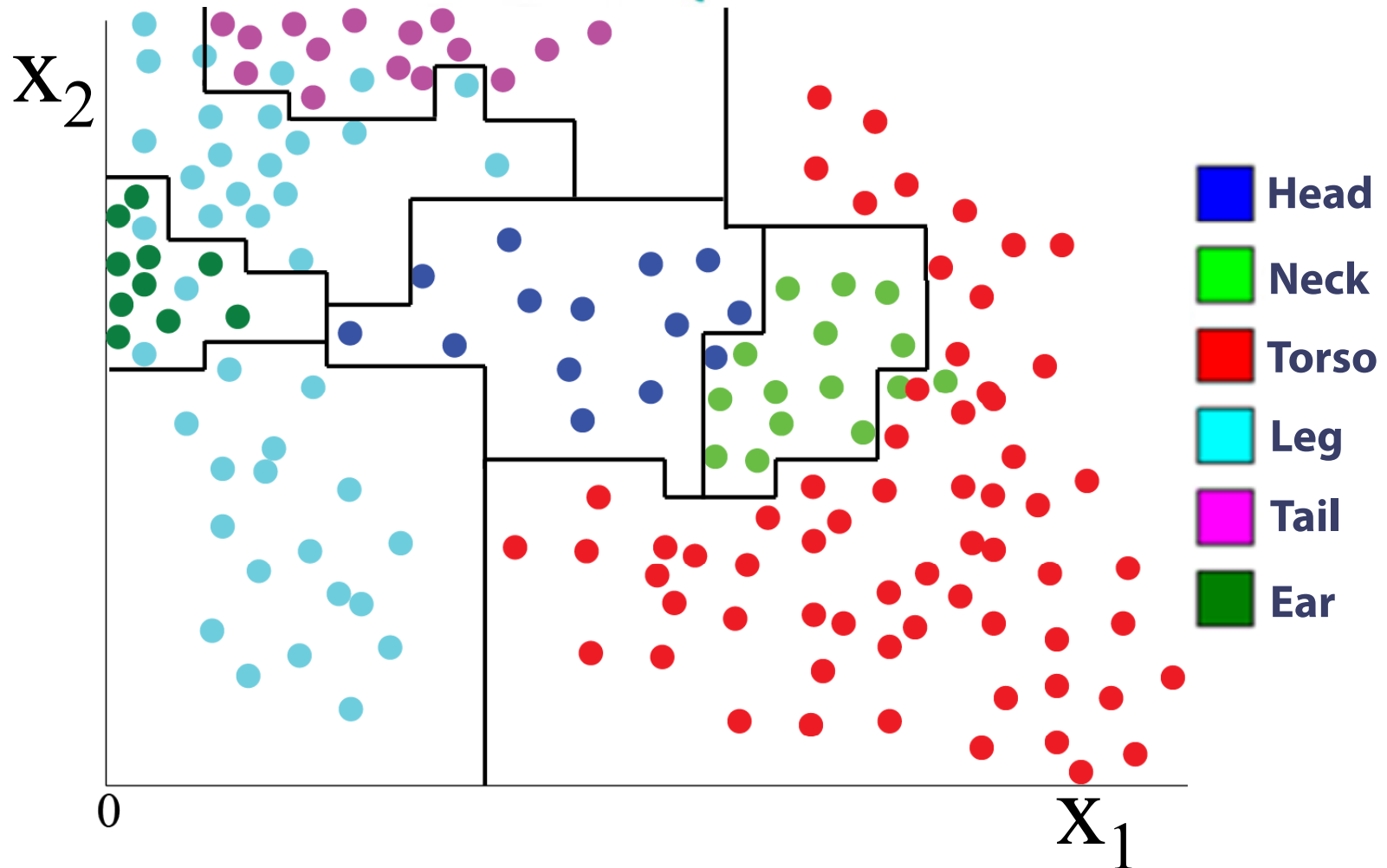
Learning a classifier



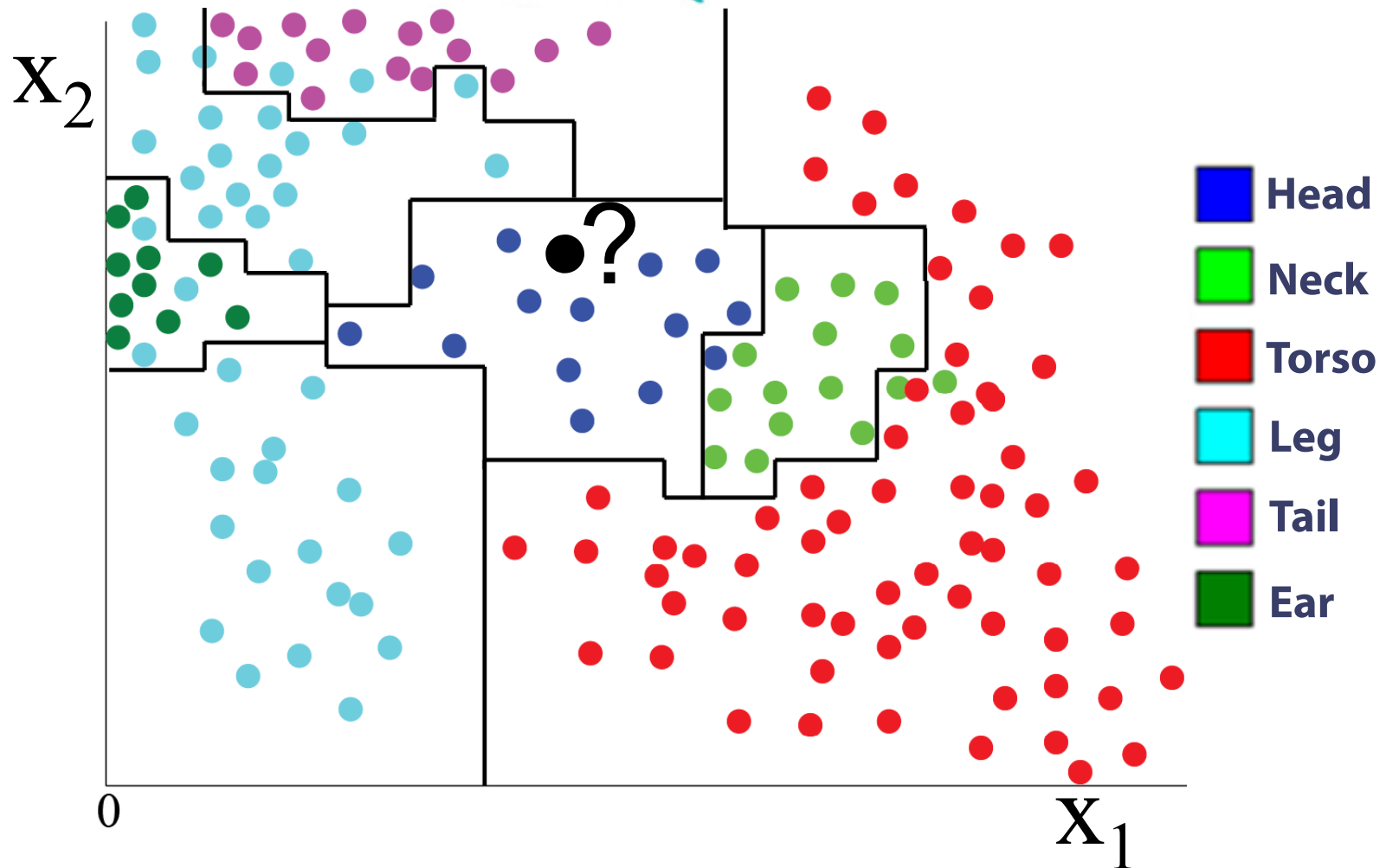
Learning a classifier



Learning a classifier

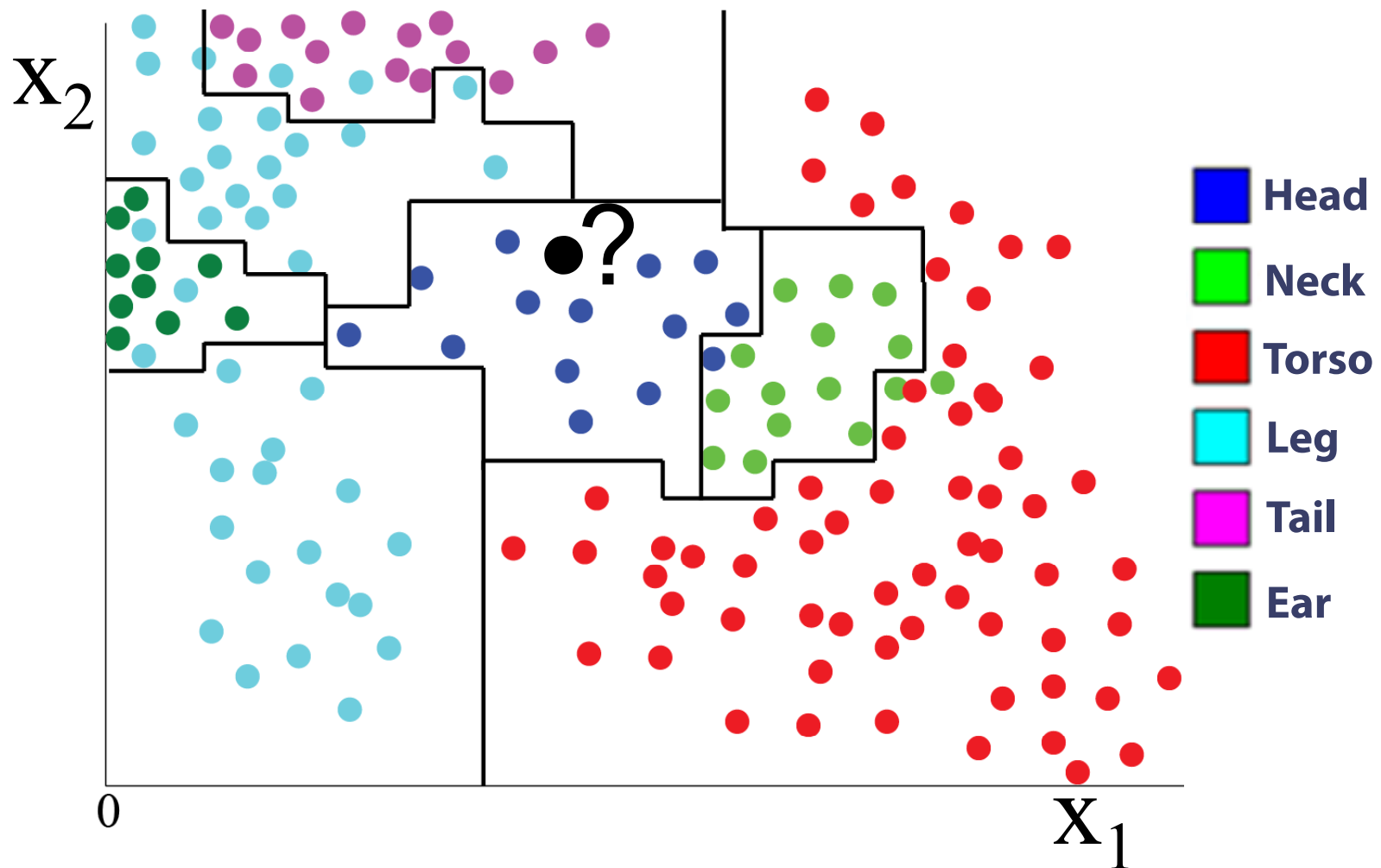


Learning a classifier

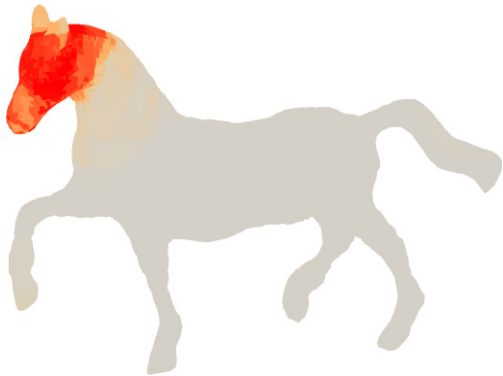


Learning a classifier

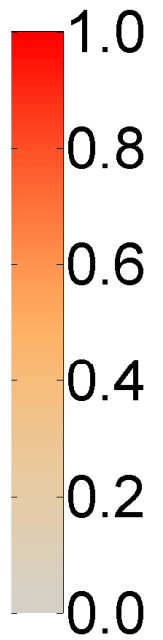
We use the Jointboost classifier [Torralba et al. 2007]



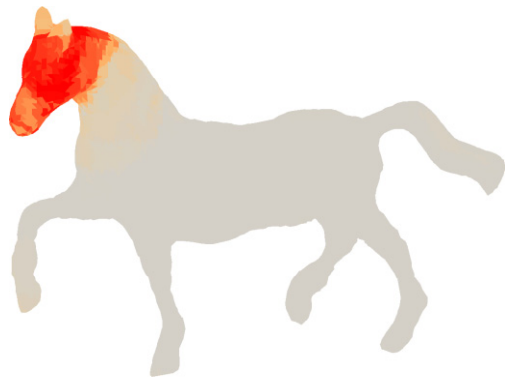
Unary term



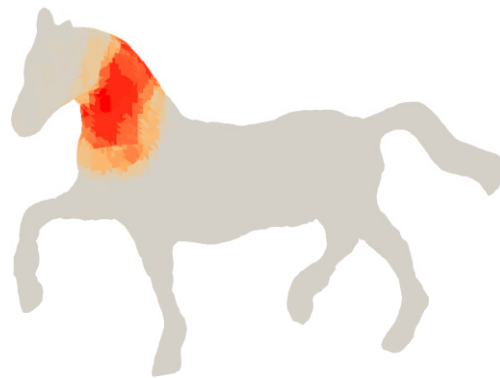
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



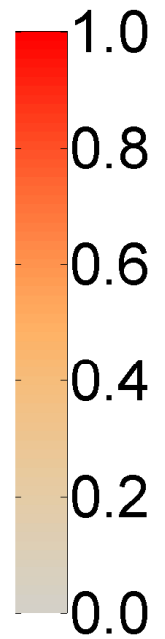
Unary term



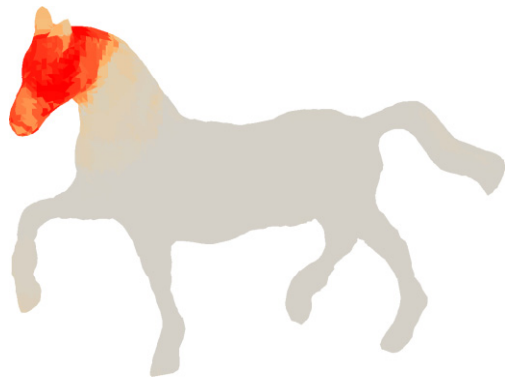
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



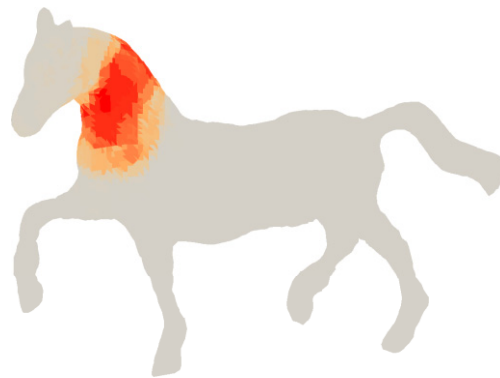
$P(\textit{neck} \mid \mathbf{x})$



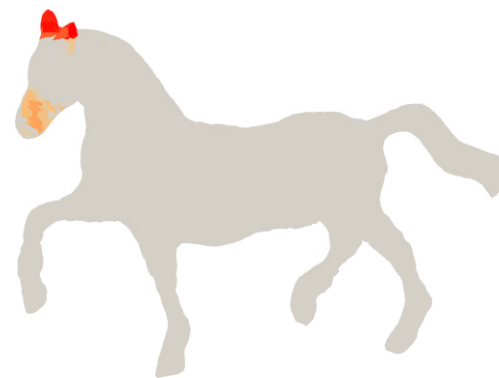
Unary term



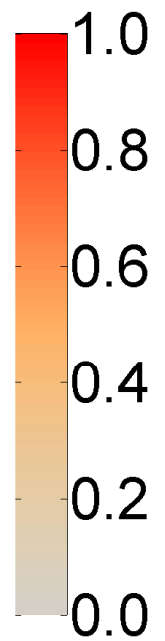
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



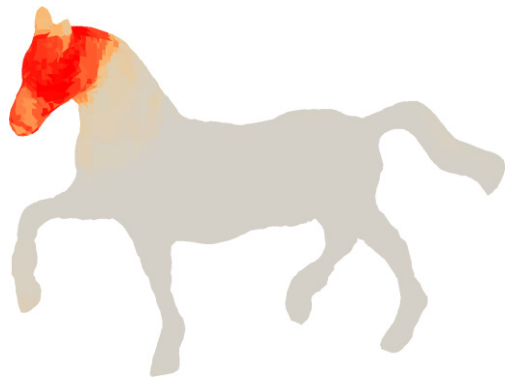
$P(\textit{neck} \mid \mathbf{x})$



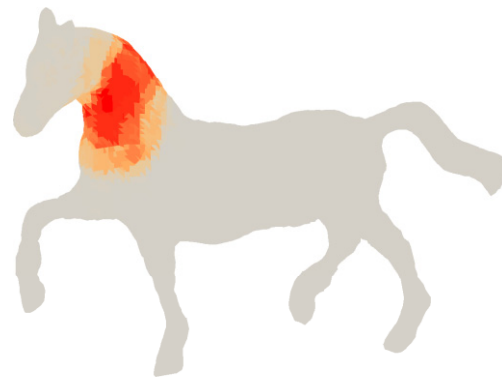
$P(\textit{ear} \mid \mathbf{x})$



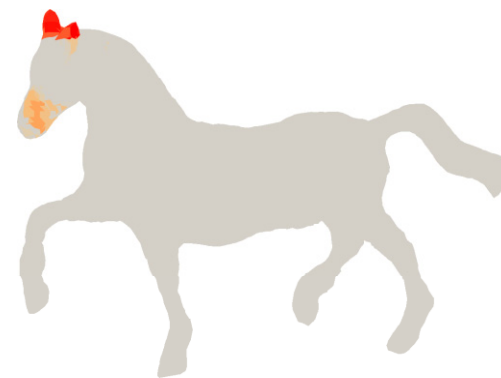
Unary term



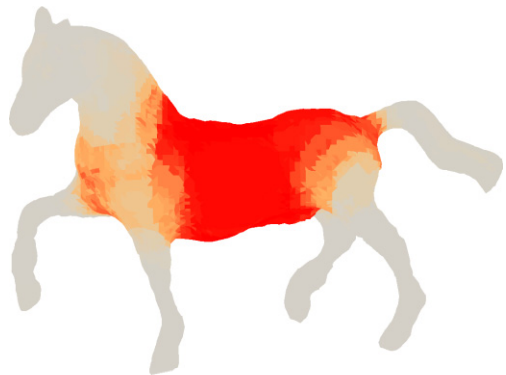
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



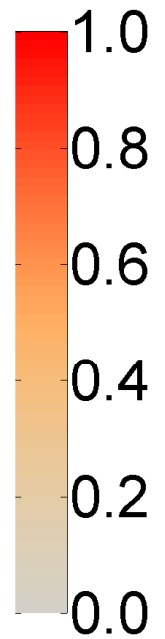
$P(\textit{neck} \mid \mathbf{x})$



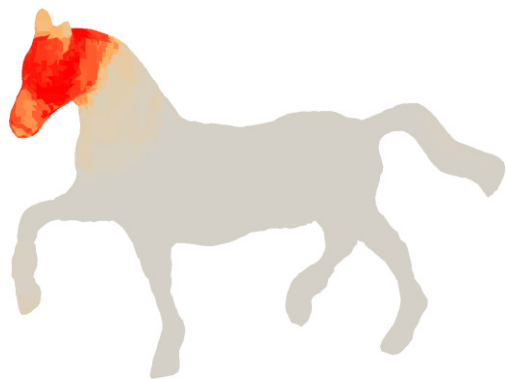
$P(\textit{ear} \mid \mathbf{x})$



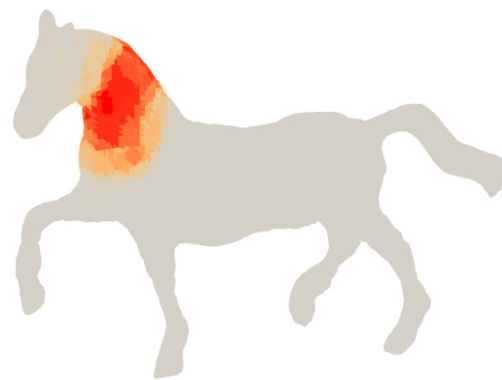
$P(\textit{torso} \mid \mathbf{x})$



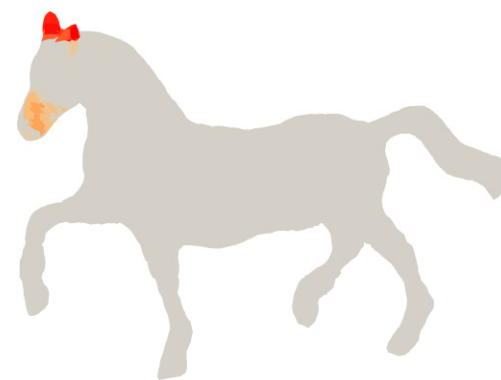
Unary term



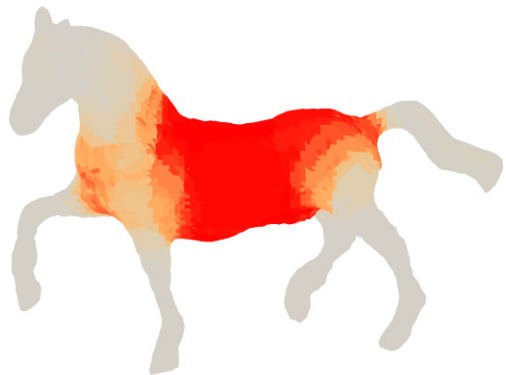
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



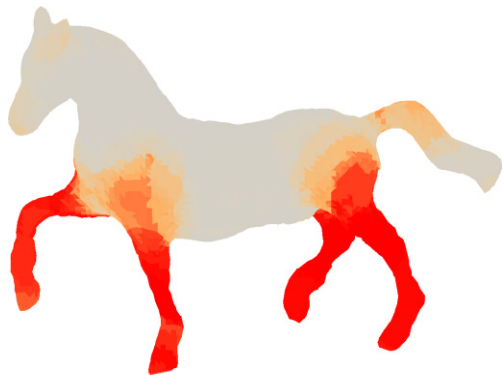
$P(\textit{neck} \mid \mathbf{x})$



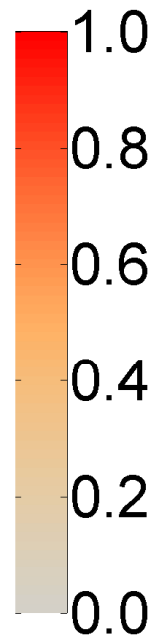
$P(\textit{ear} \mid \mathbf{x})$



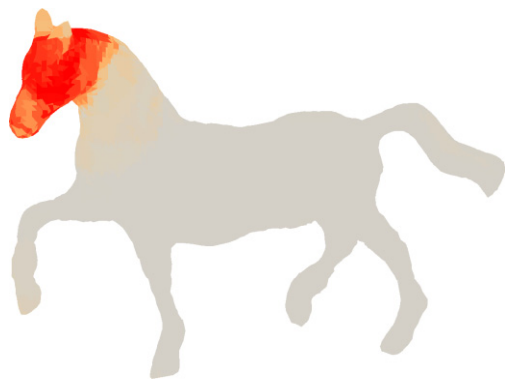
$P(\textit{torso} \mid \mathbf{x})$



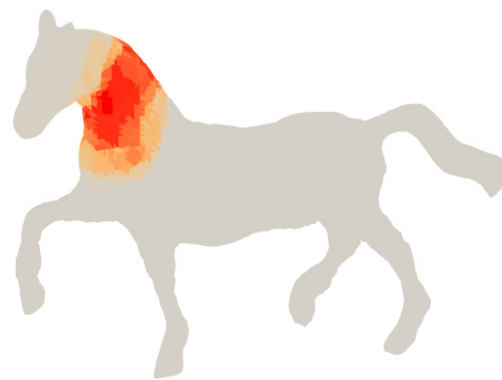
$P(\textit{leg} \mid \mathbf{x})$



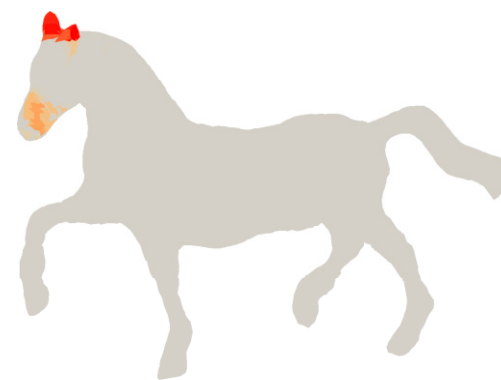
Unary term



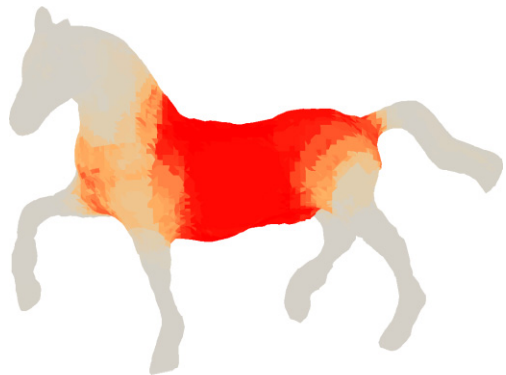
$P(\textit{head} \mid \mathbf{x})$



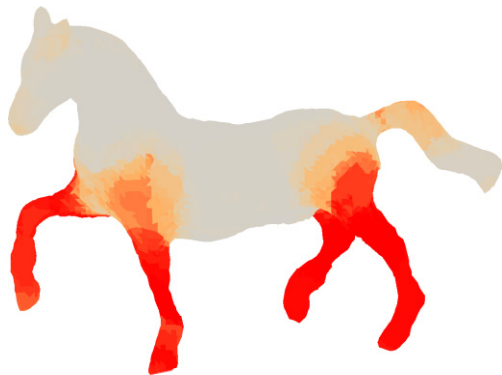
$P(\textit{neck} \mid \mathbf{x})$



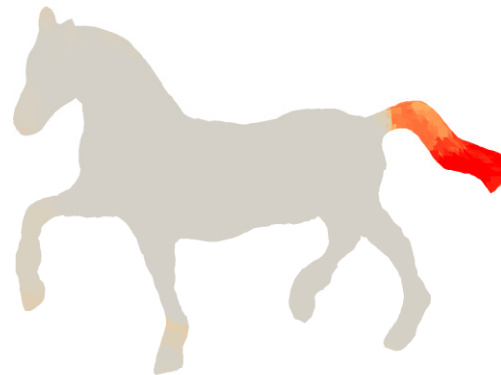
$P(\textit{ear} \mid \mathbf{x})$



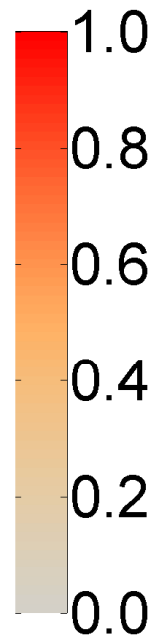
$P(\textit{torso} \mid \mathbf{x})$



$P(\textit{leg} \mid \mathbf{x})$

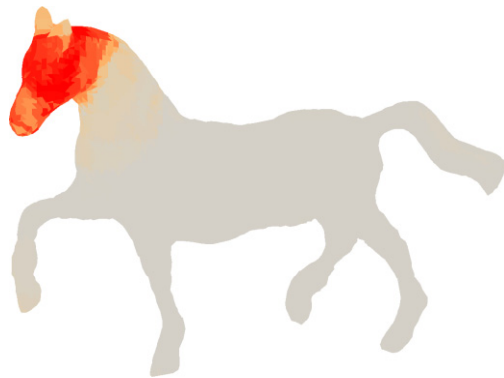


$P(\textit{tail} \mid \mathbf{x})$

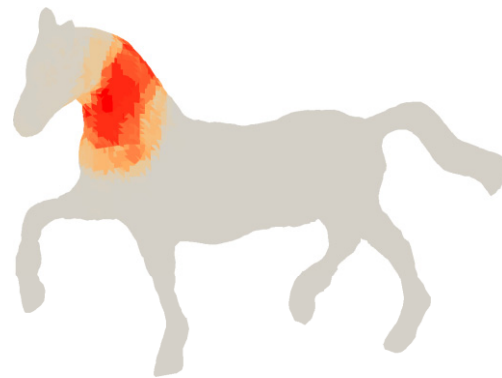


Unary term

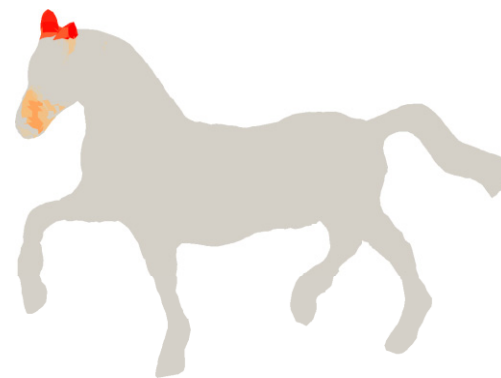
$$E_1(c; \mathbf{x}) = -\log P(c | \mathbf{x})$$



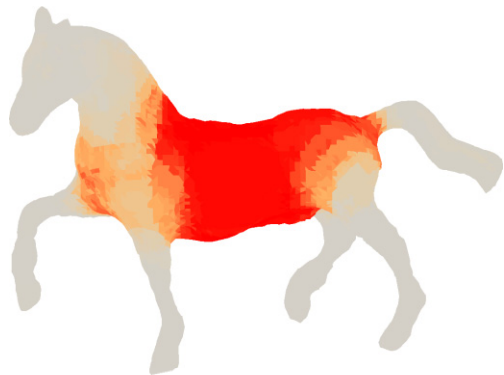
$P(\textit{head} | \mathbf{x})$



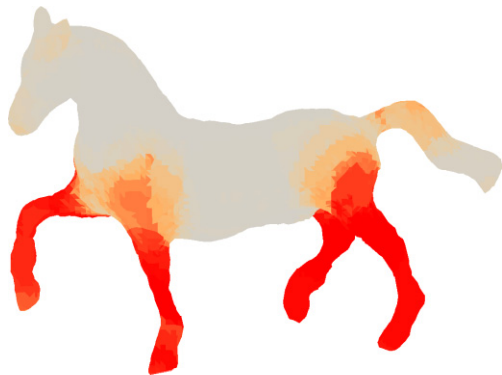
$P(\textit{neck} | \mathbf{x})$



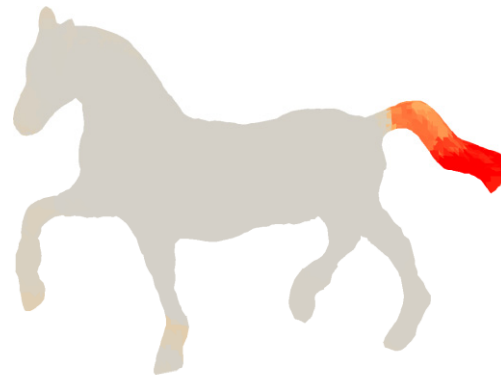
$P(\textit{ear} | \mathbf{x})$



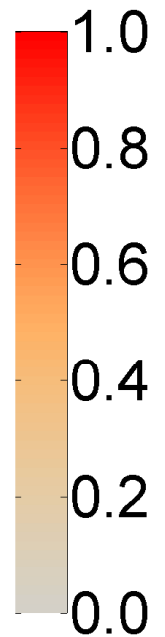
$P(\textit{torso} | \mathbf{x})$



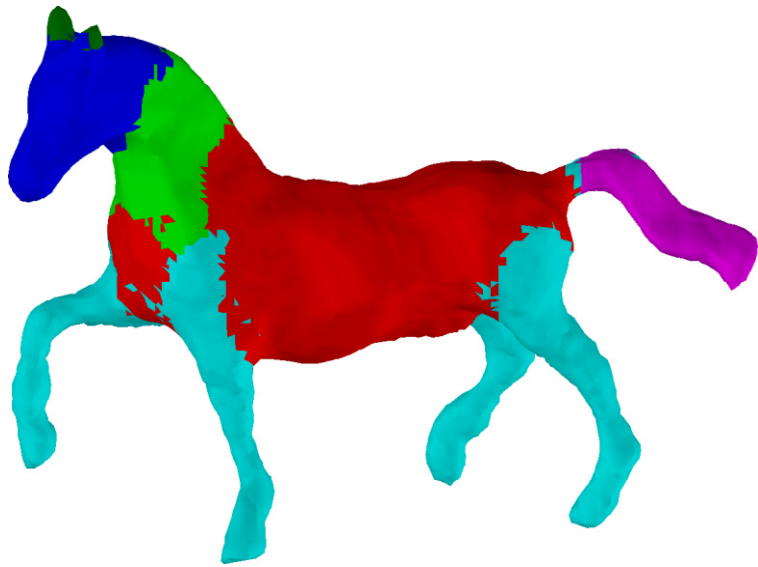
$P(\textit{leg} | \mathbf{x})$



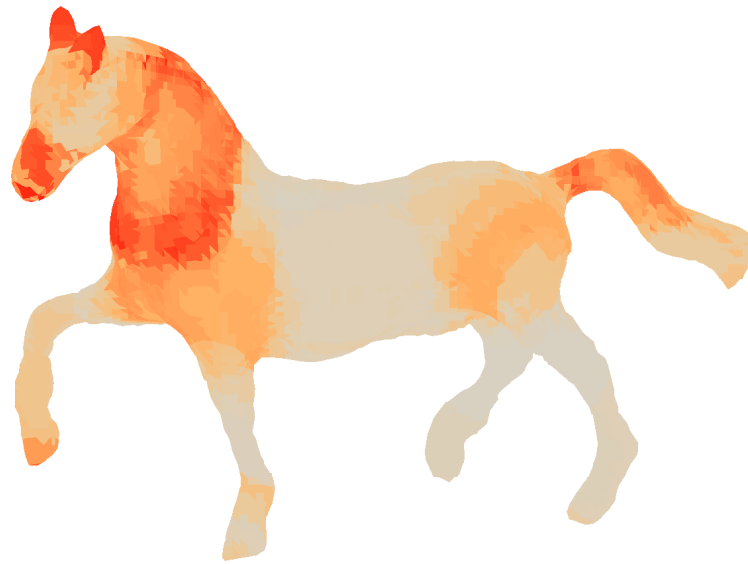
$P(\textit{tail} | \mathbf{x})$



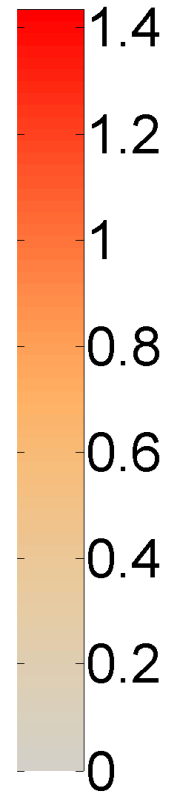
Unary Term



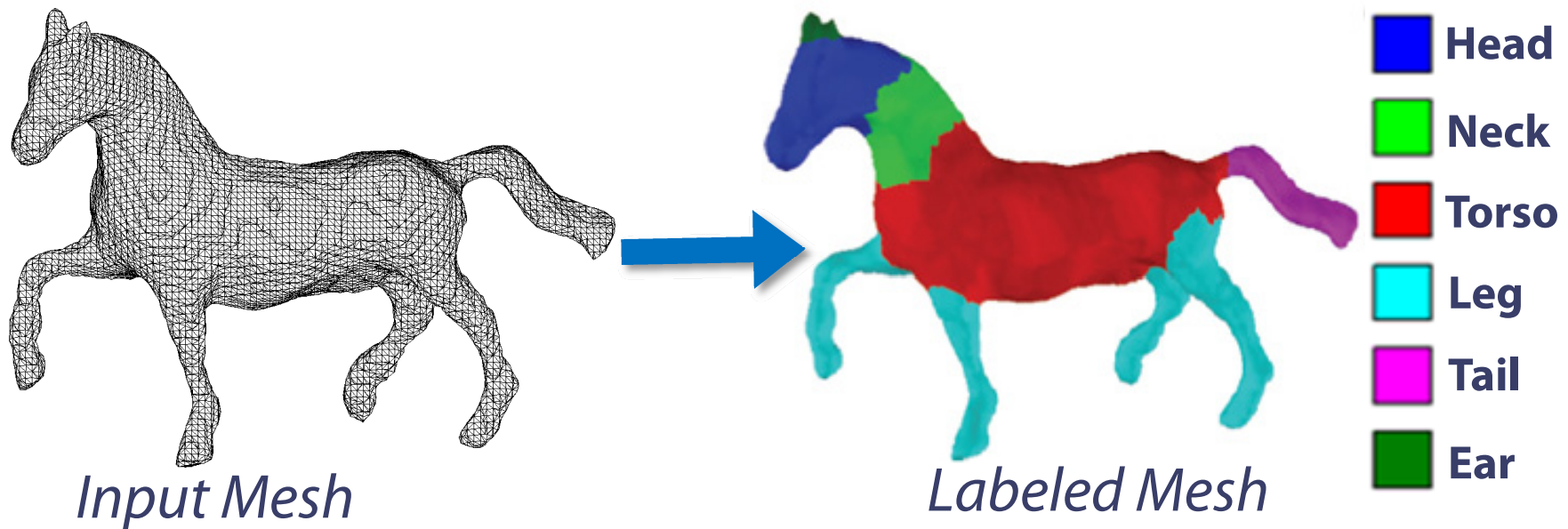
Most-likely labels



Classifier entropy



Our approach



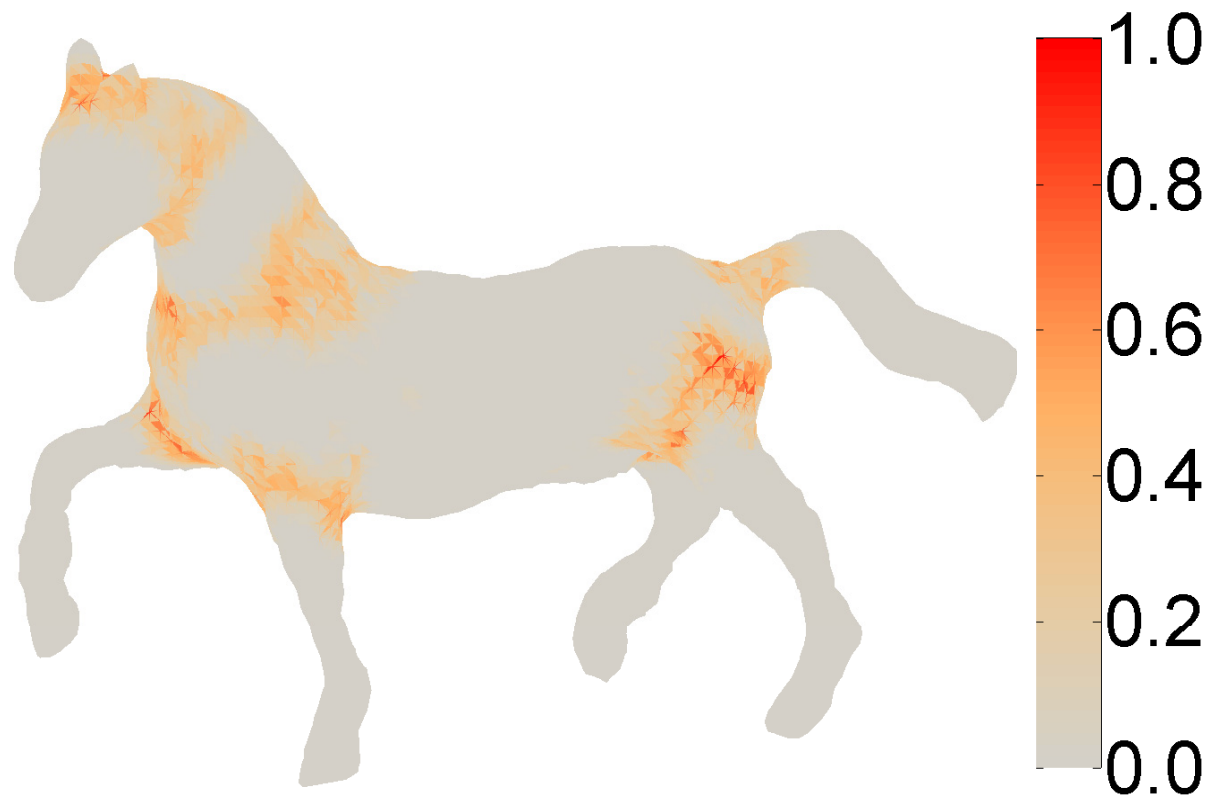
$$c^* = \arg \min_c \left\{ \sum_i \alpha_i E_1(c_i; \mathbf{x}_i) + \sum_{i,j} l_{ij} \boxed{E_2(c_i, c_j; \mathbf{y}_{ij})} \right\}$$

Pairwise Term

Pairwise Term

$$E_2(c, c'; \mathbf{y}, \theta_2) = \boxed{G(\mathbf{y})} L(c, c')$$

Geometry-dependent term



Pairwise Term

$$E_2(c, c'; \mathbf{y}, \theta_2) = G(\mathbf{y}) L(c, c')$$

Label compatibility term

Pairwise Term

$$E_2(c, c'; \mathbf{y}, \theta_2) = G(\mathbf{y}) L(c, c')$$

Label compatibility term

	Head	Neck	Ear	Torso	Leg	Tail	
$L(c, c') =$	0	.45	.07	1	∞	∞	Head
	.45	0	∞	1	∞	∞	Neck
	.07	∞	0	∞	∞	∞	Ear
	1	1	∞	0	1	.56	Torso
	∞	∞	∞	1	0	∞	Leg
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	∞	∞	∞	1	0	∞	Leg
	∞	∞	∞	.56	∞	0	Tail

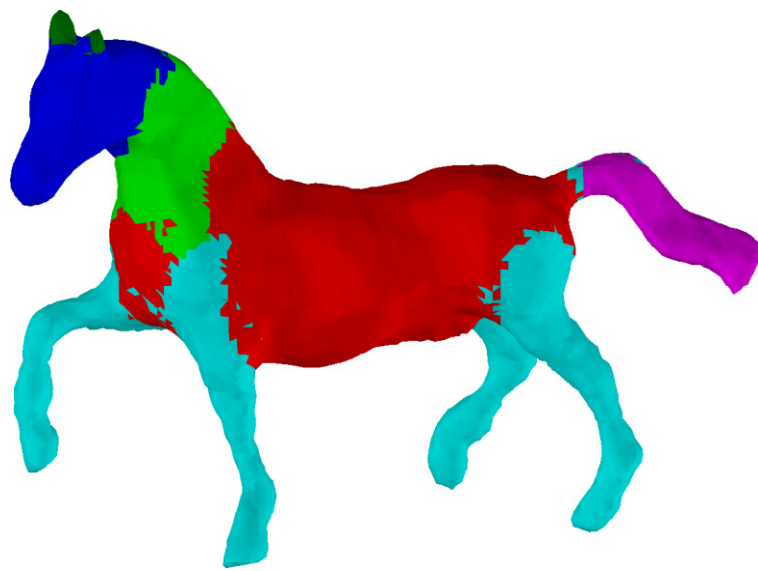
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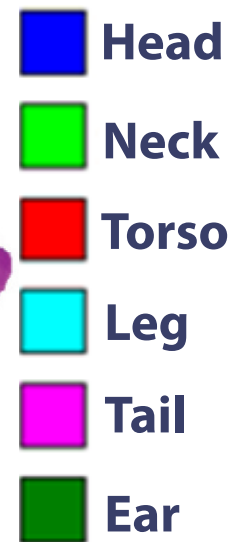
Full CRF result



Unary term classifier



Full CRF result



Learning

Learning

Learn unary classifier and $G(\mathbf{y})$ with Joint Boosting
[Torralba et al. 2007]

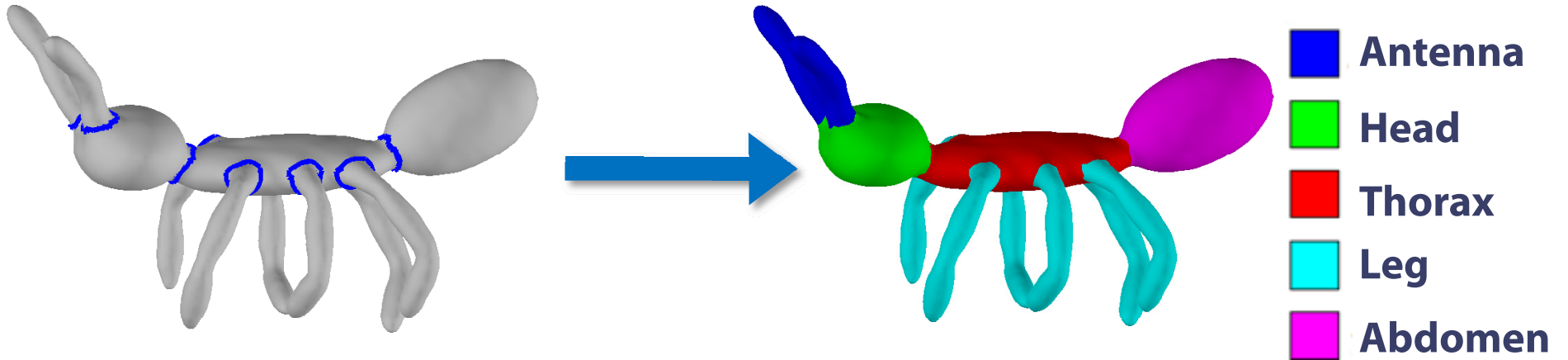
Learning

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Hold-out validation for the rest of parameters

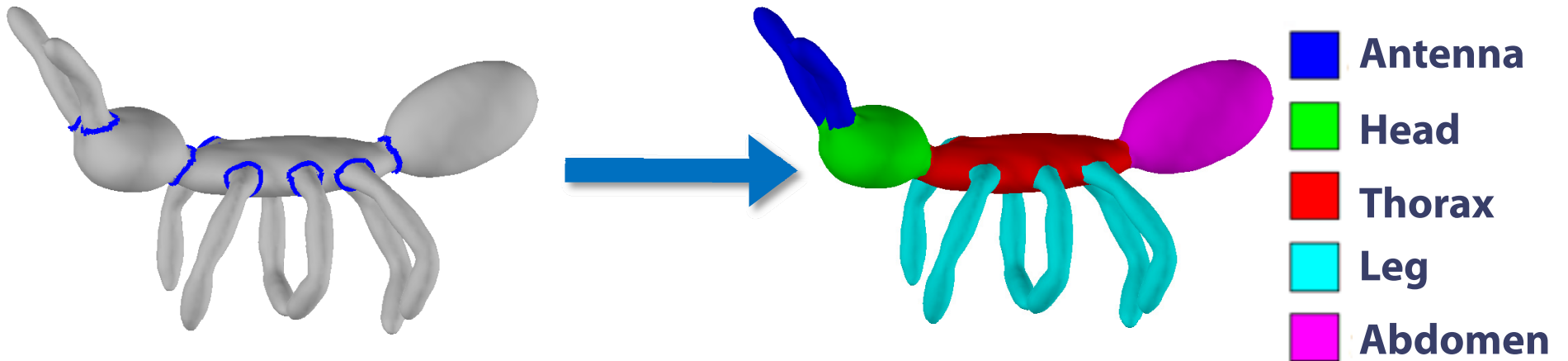
Dataset used in experiments

We label 380 meshes from the Princeton Segmentation Benchmark [Chen *et al.* 2009]



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We label 380 meshes from the Princeton Segmentation Benchmark [Chen *et al.* 2009]



Each of the 19 categories is treated separately

Quantitative Evaluation

Labeling

- **6%** error by surface area

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Quantitative Evaluation

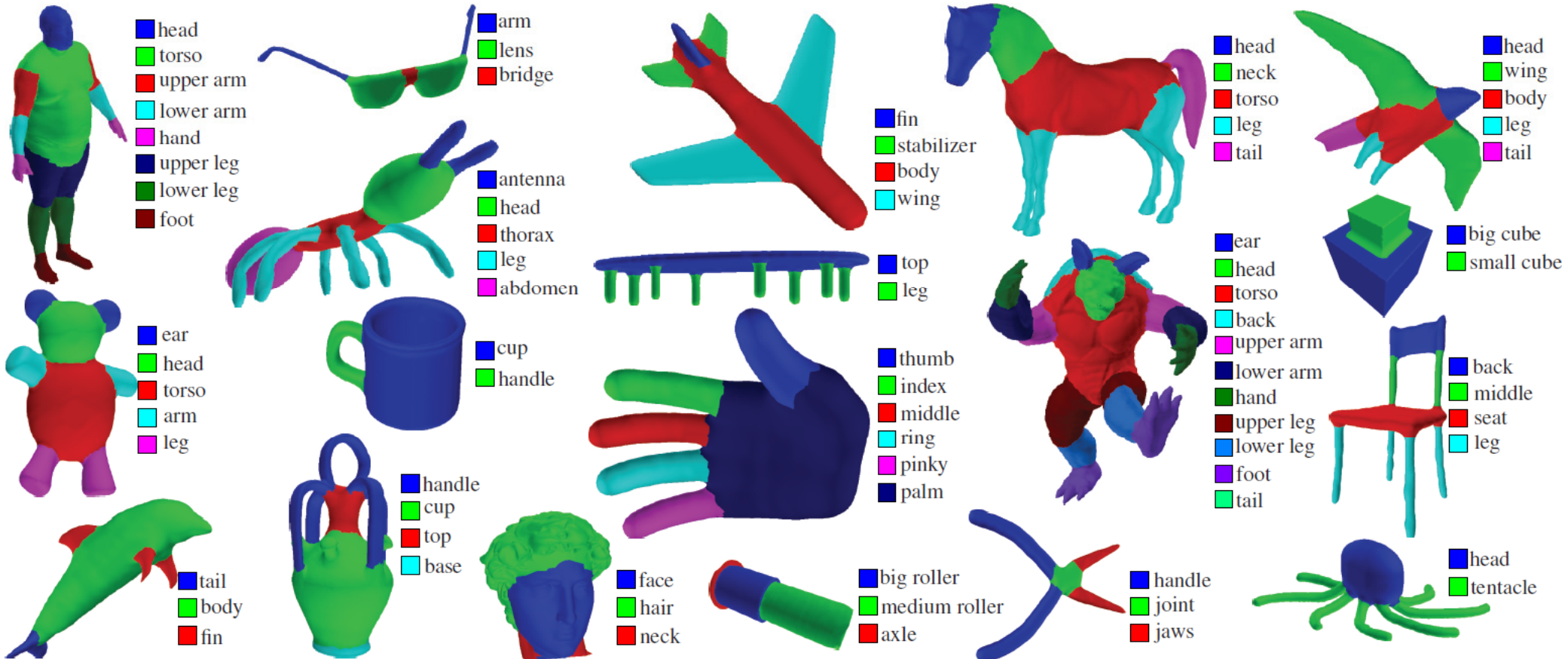
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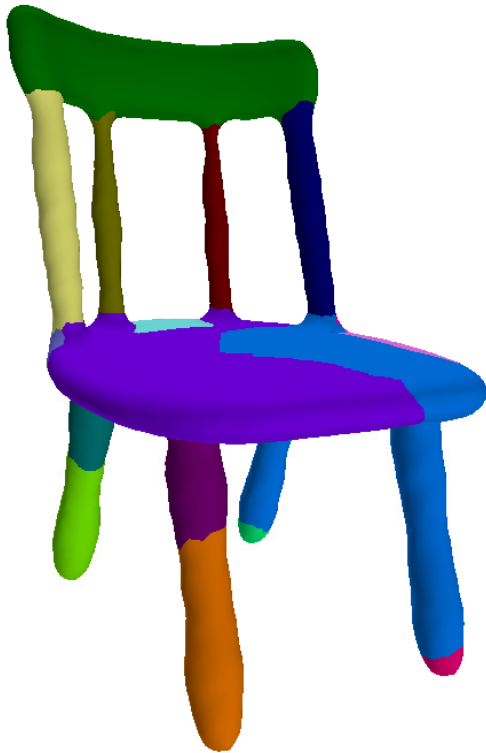
Segmentation

- Our result: **9.5%** Rand Index error
- State-of-the art: **16%** [Golovinskiy and Funkhouser 08]
- With 6 training meshes: **12%**
- With 3 training meshes: **15%**

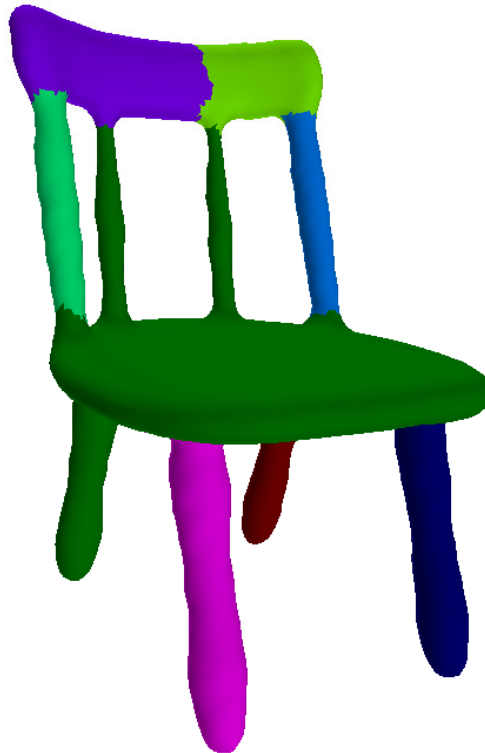
Labeling results



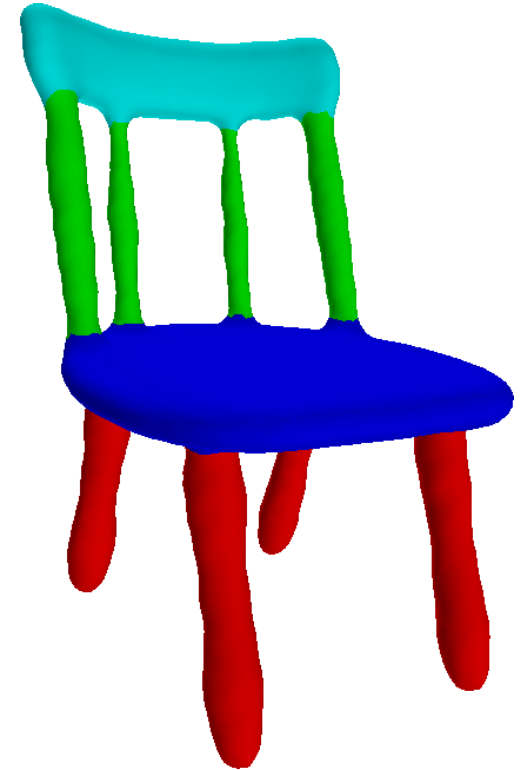
Segmentation Comparisons



Shape Diameter
[Shapira et al. 10]



Randomized Cuts
[Golovinskiy and
Funkhouser 08]



Our approach

Segmentation Comparisons



Shape Diameter
[Shapira et al. 10]

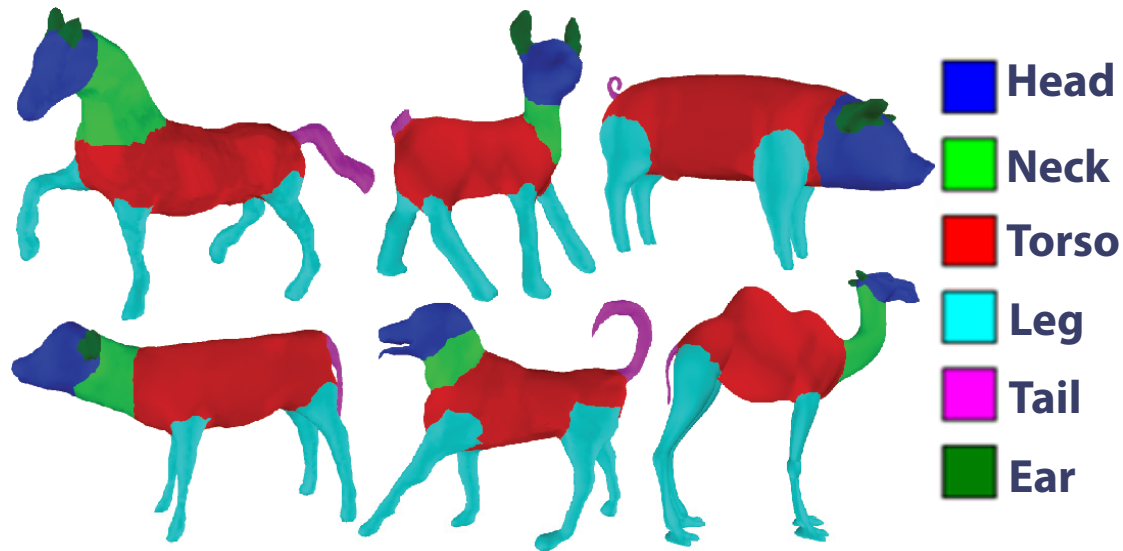


Randomized Cuts
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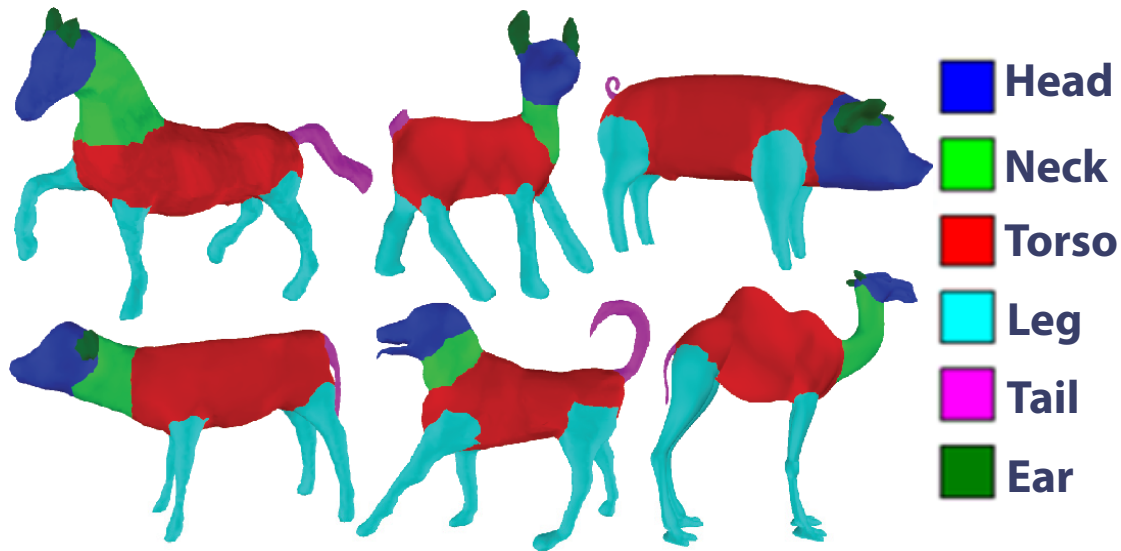
Our approach

Learning different segmentation styles

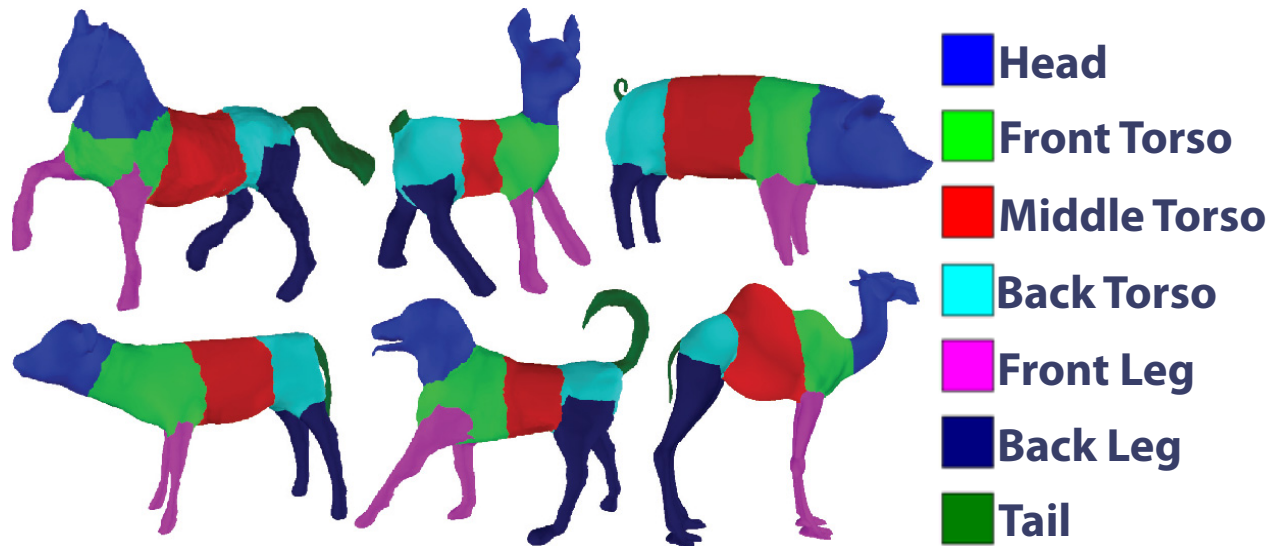


Training Meshes

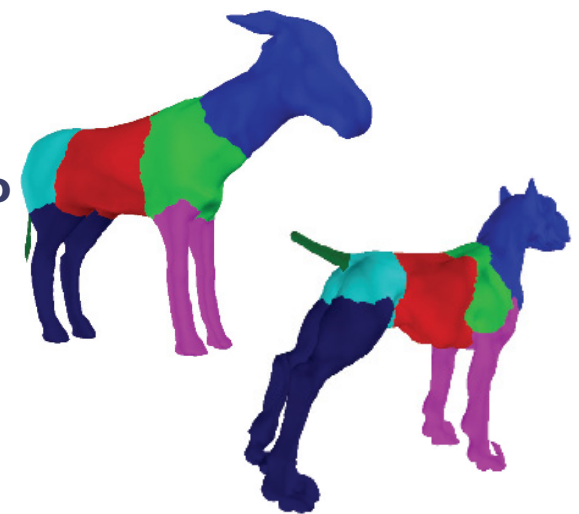
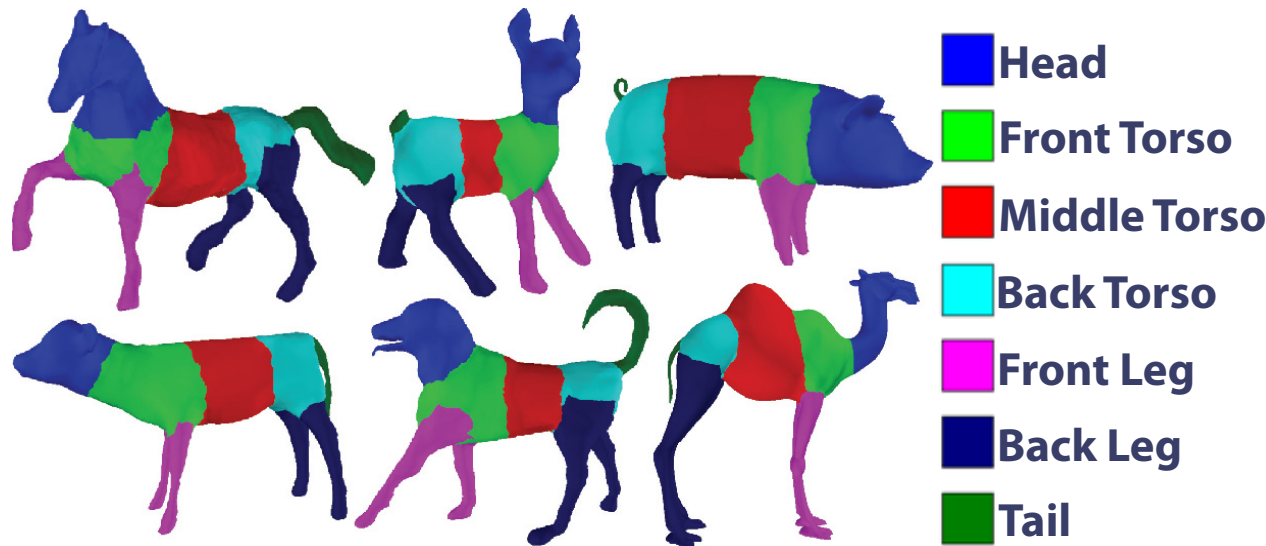
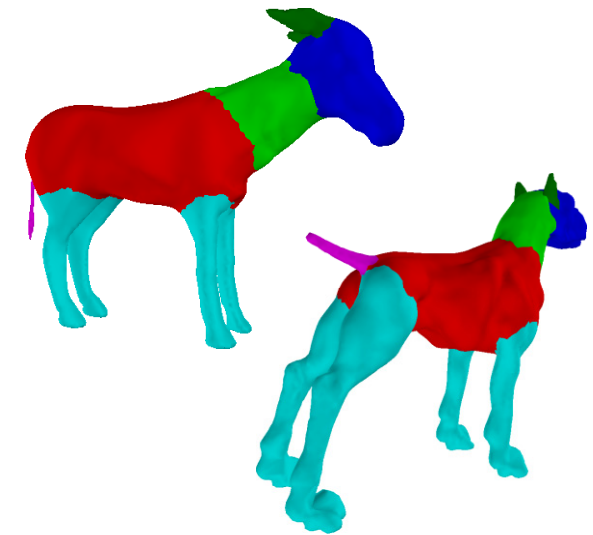
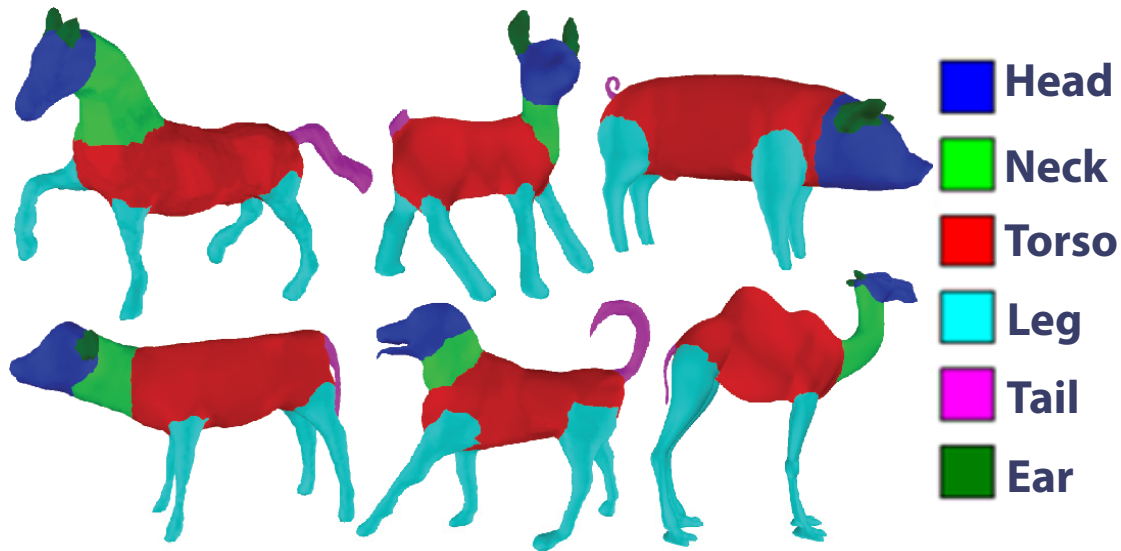
Learning different segmentation styles



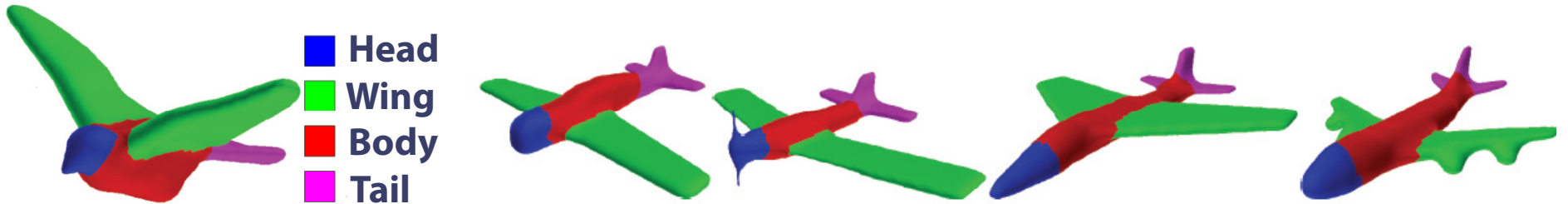
Training Meshes



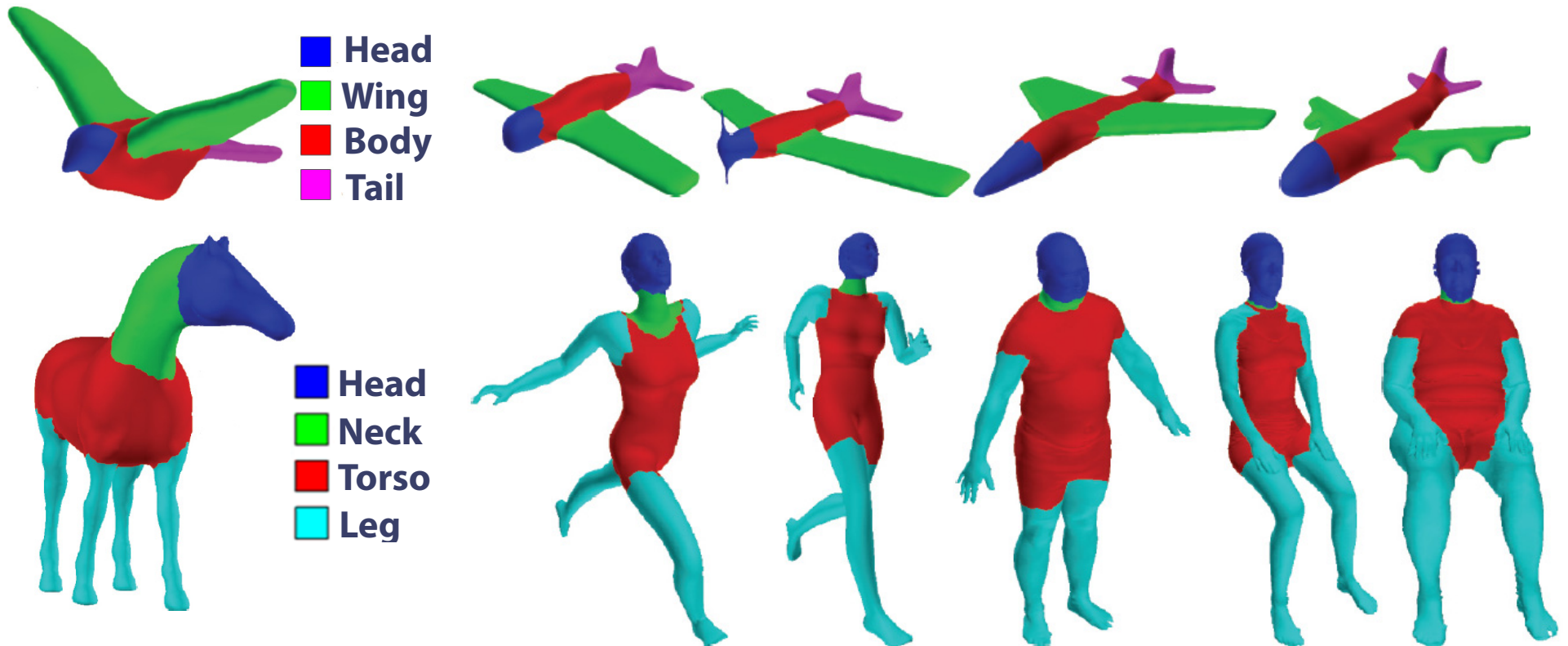
Learning different segmentation styles



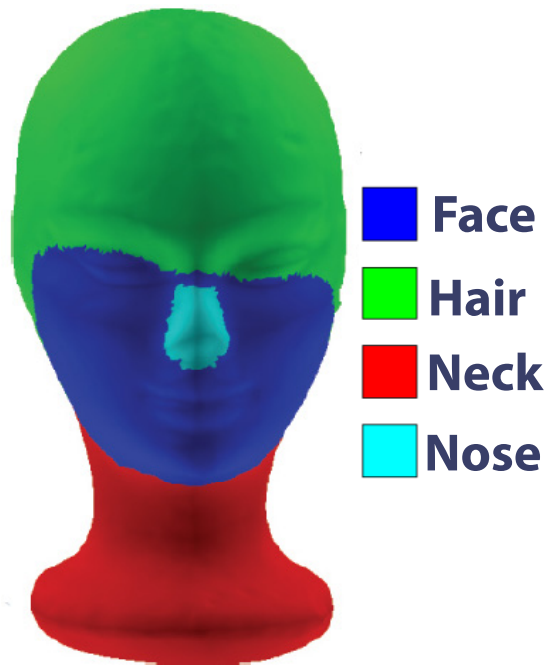
Generalization to different categories



Generalization to different categories



Failure cases



Failure cases

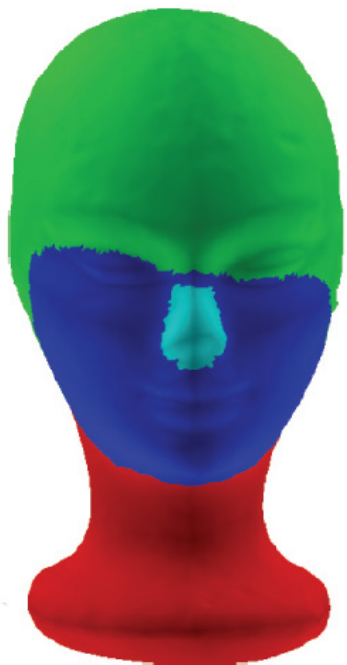


- Face
- Hair
- Neck
- Nose



- Handle
- Cup

Failure cases



- Face
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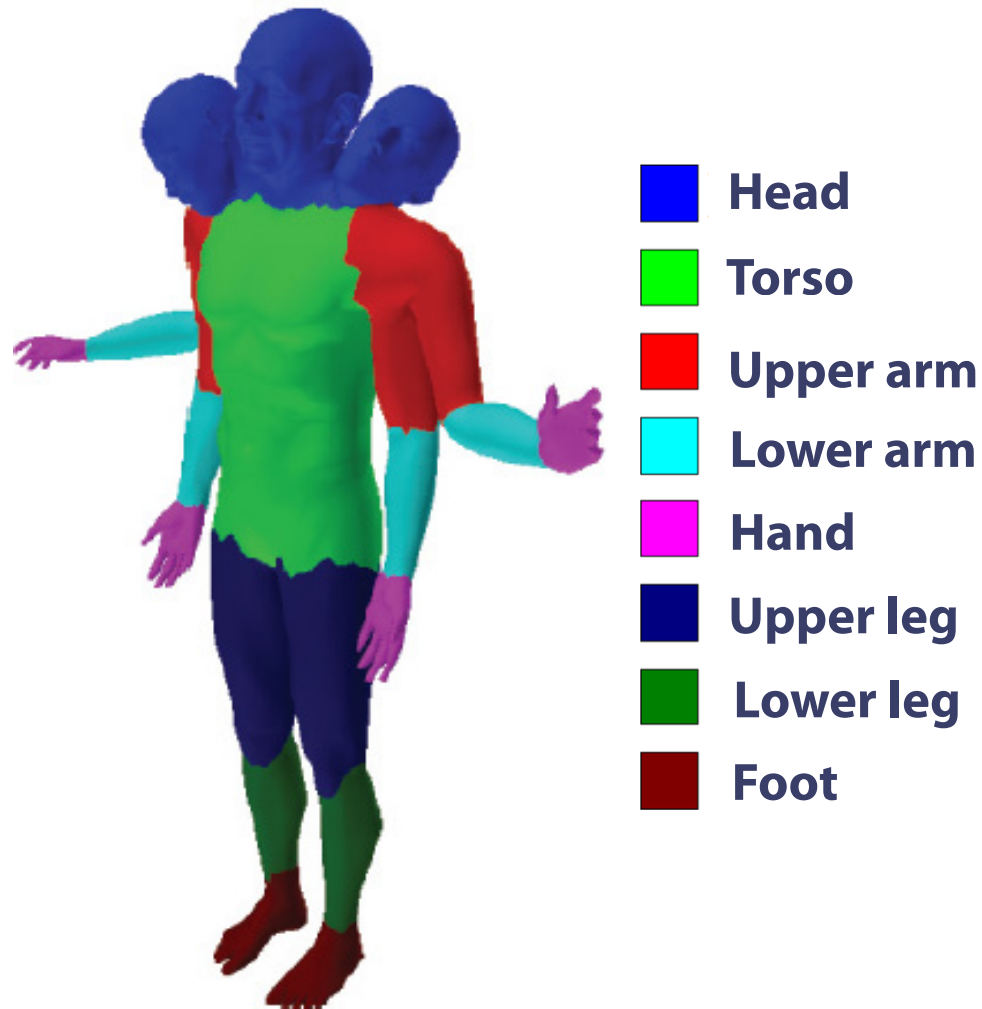
- Handle
- Cup



- Torso
- Leg

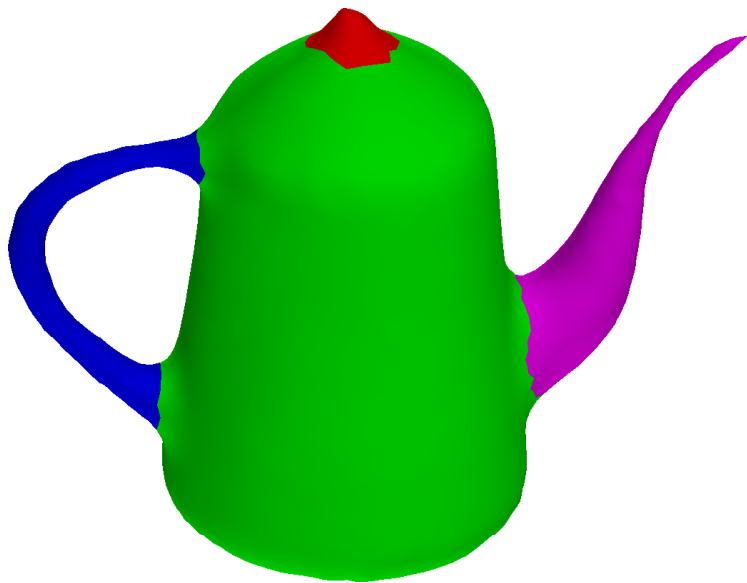
Limitations

Adjacent segments with the same label are merged

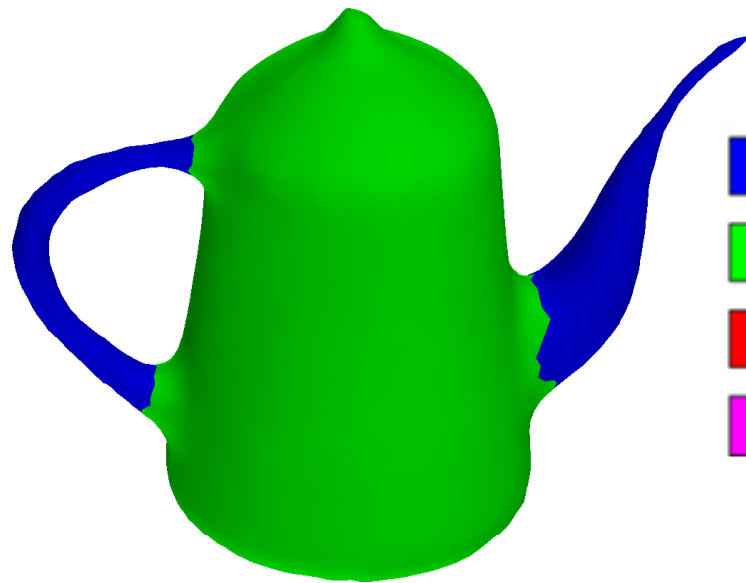


Limitations

Results depend on having sufficient training data



19 training meshes

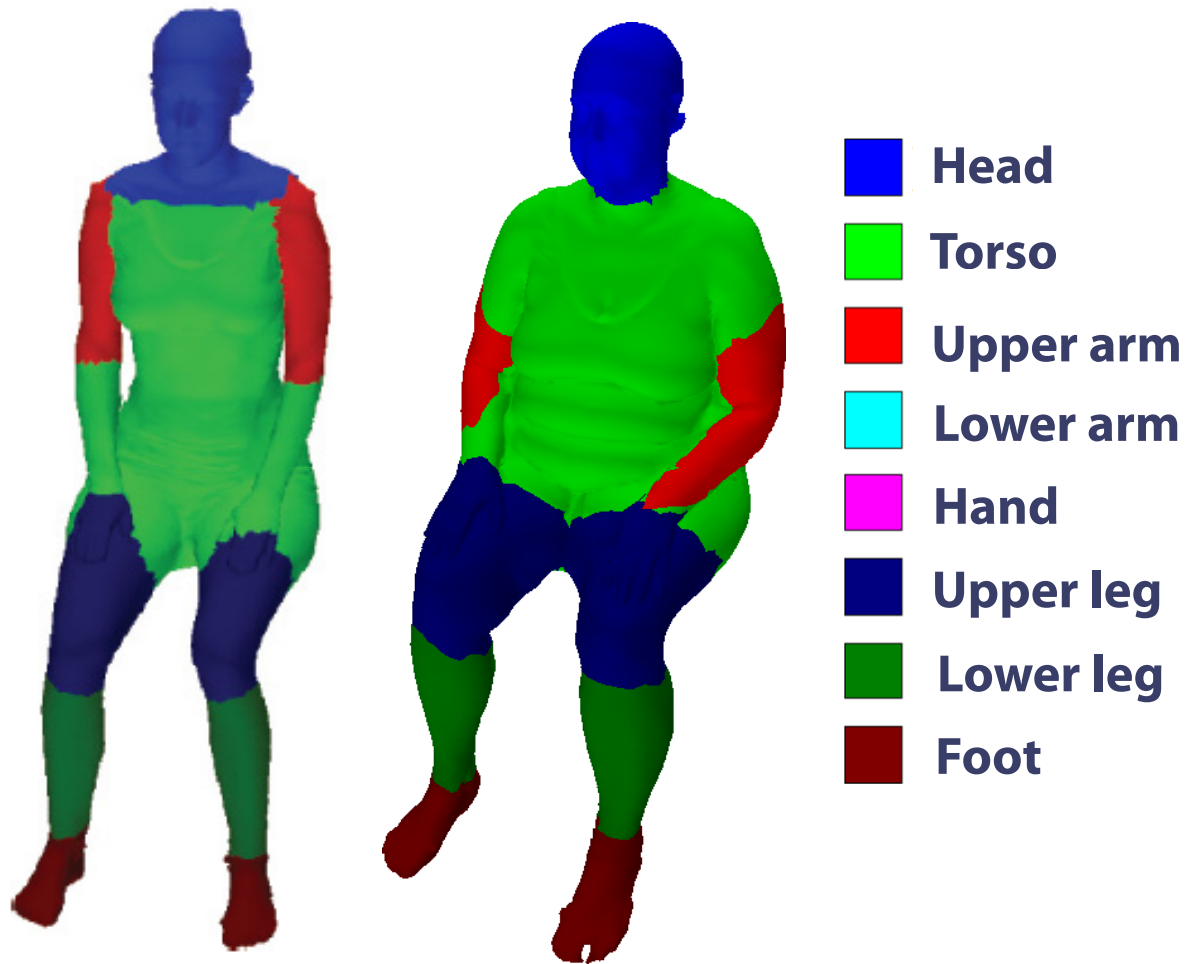


3 training meshes

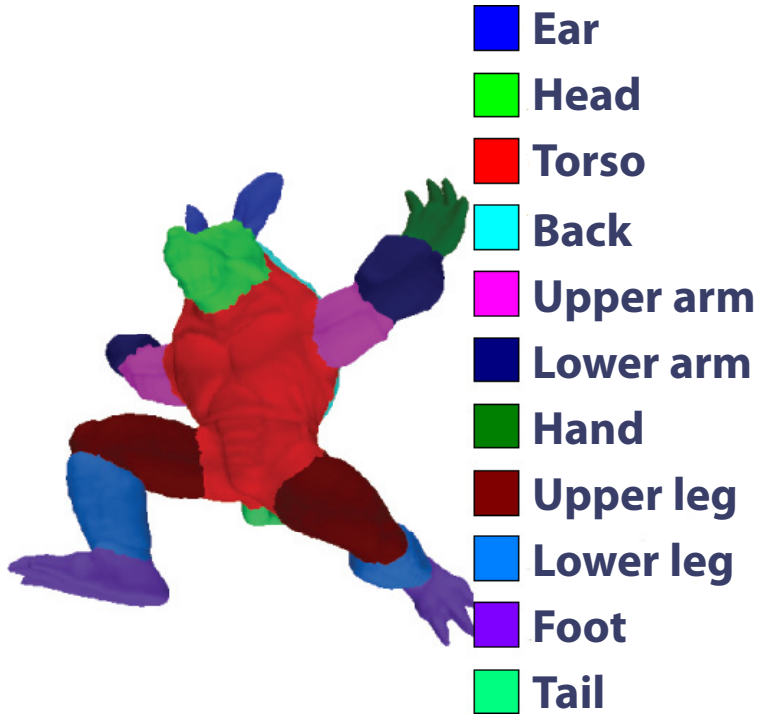


Limitations

Many features are sensitive to topology



Applications: Character Texturing, Rigging



- Ear
- Head
- Torso
- Back
- Upper arm
- Lower arm
- Hand
- Upper leg
- Lower leg
- Foot
- Tail



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Thank you!

Acknowledgements: Xiaobai Chen, Aleksey Golovinskiy, Thomas Funkhouser, Szymon Rusinkiewicz, Olga Veksler, Daniela Giorgi, AIM@SHAPE, David Fleet, Olga Vesselova, John Hancock

Our project web page:

<http://www.dgp.toronto.edu/~kalo/papers/LabelMeshes/>

